Gold opened in New York yesterday at 101; closed firm at 101.

Cotton, middling uplands, closed yesterday in New York at 11 5-16. In Liverpool at 6¼d.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for to-day in Georgia, rising possibly followed by falling barometer, variable winds, nearly stationary temperature, and clear or partly cloudy weather.

Head Notes of Decisions.

The pamphlet of the head notes of the decisions of the January Term, 1878, of the Supreme Court is now out and ready for delivery to all parties desiring it. Price, One Dollar per copy.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

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THE SMIRCHED SENATOR.

DARRALL TESTIFIES AS TO WHO CARRIED MATTHEWS IN HIS POCKET.

The Long-Haired Senator Moves Around Lively at Anderson's Call—His Anxiety to Get the Sherman Letter—Intense Interest in the North.

WHO IS BAULDS BAKER?

Washington, June 12.—James A Baulds, appointment clerk in the postoffice department, was sworn and produced a letter from the postmaster general, stating that Baulds had the papers and books inquired for by the committee in reference to the appointments of Joseph A. Howard and Baulds Baker. Baulds was examined at length by General Butler, and stated that Baulds Baker first entered the postoffice department October 16, 1876, as a $1,200 clerk under the administration of Postmaster General Tyner. The names of the parties recommending the appointment were O. P. Morton, John Hancock and Representatives Throckmorton and Culbertson. Baker continued in that position until April 1, 1877, when he was dismissed, and on April 17, 1877, at the instance of the parties first recommending his appointment and others, he was appointed a special agent at $1,200 per annum and $5 per diem.

REWARDING THE UNDERSTRAPPERS.

Lilley, deputy sixth auditor of the treasury department, was recalled, and said in reply to questions by Mr. Cox, that the salary of Boulds Baker was paid strictly in accordance with the authority given in the revised statutes. Baker was one of the sixty special agents. The recommendations for the appointment of George Howard as assistant clerk to the electoral commission were signed by Senators McCrary, Hoar and others. The recommendations were based upon Howard's efficient service in compiling the volume known as the "Count of the Electoral Vote."

DARRALL PUT UP.

C. B. Darrall was sworn and examined by Mr. McMahon. Darrall, in response to a few preliminary questions, gave the names of the principal applicants for collector of the port of New Orleans, and the examination proceeded:

Q.—Who was pushing George S. Smith who finally secured the office? What association of parties?

A.—I do not know that anybody was, except that he was appointed (this is entirely my opinion) on the recommendation of the returning board, although Smith is a man of pretty good record and generally acceptable.

WHEN DID YOU MEET STANLEY?

Q.—What time did you become acquainted with Senator Matthews first?

A.—I was introduced to him, I think, when he was down there as a visiting statesman, as it was called. I met him in New Orleans more than a year ago. I have been acquainted with him since the beginning of the session in October, and have met him frequently.

Q.—Did he take any part in the contest for the collectorship of New Orleans?

A.—Yes, sir, I think so, at least. It was supposed among all of us that he had considerable influence with the president, and I called on him in regard to that matter several times. Other of our friends did.

Q.—Have you now a recollection of when Mr. Anderson came here in connection with either Mr. Packard's claims or yours to the collectorship?

ANDERSON'S INFLUENCE OVER MATTHEWS.

A.—Anderson had an interview about the middle of January about that matter. He represented to me and Packard that he had some influence with Matthews and volunteered to go and see, and I think Senator Matthews told me—in fact, he authorized me to say to Mr. Packard that he had withdrawn all his opposition; to say to him that Mr. Packard would be acceptable to him, and he told me the trouble was that the president didn't want Packard. Before that Matthews had been bitterly opposed to Packard. I had been to see him some time before Anderson saw him.

Q.—What was the influence, if you know, from this conversation that Anderson exercised over Senator Matthews which brought about the change of front?

A.—I don't think Anderson's influence brought about the change. It helped, I think, but I do not think it brought about the change.

WEY STANLEY CHANGED FRONT.

Q.—What did?

A.—I talked with Senator Matthews a number of times and other gentlemen from our state did, and about that time, you know, there was a change of front down there. Senator Matthews had stood well down in our state, and had been commended for his part in what is called the Wormley conference, and one thing and other, and setting up the Nicholls government, and the newspapers got to abusing him, and he did not feel so friendly to the democratic element. That helped to bring him around, and then also the interview with myself and, I think, Anderson, a great deal, because Senator Matthews represented to me that he had said to Anderson that he had finally become satisfied that Packard understood better the wants of the parties down there, and was the proper man to be appointed. As to any other influence, Matthews never represented that Anderson had any.

A PECULIAR ADMINISTRATION.

Q.—After the time that you became satisfied Packard could not get the position of collector, you then urged your claims?

A.—This is a very peculiar administration. I was coming to that. Up to within three or four days of Smith's appointment, Senator Matthews thought Packard's chance very good, and I represented to Matthews and to the president that I preferred Packard's appointment, if he was as well satisfied with him. Matthews informed me up to within, probably, two weeks of the appointment that he thought Packard would get it.

Q.—Was it that time it looked very well for you to get in?

A.—Yes, sir, I think that it did.

Q.—Was that through the influence of Matthews for you?

A.—I only know this, Mr. Matthews told me he had one or two interviews with the president in my behalf, and that he seemed very favorable to me, and that I would be appointed.

Q.—In what did Anderson figure in that connection? as a friend of yours? Give us the whole story in that connection.

A.—Anderson saw Matthews first in Packard's behalf. At the time Matthews said he did not think the president would appoint Packard at all, Within perhaps a week or so my name was mentioned to Matthews. I had an interview with Matthews and some of my friends had who were here in the city, and he suggested that possibly an appointment might be secured for me, and he suggested certain recommendations for me to get from home and from others here, which I did, and got some recommendations from there.

Q.—You had just been turned out from congress and you thought you had a pretty good claim?

A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—But the question I am more particularly inquiring about is what service Anderson rendered you, or was expected to render you or Senator Matthews in case you succeeded?

A.—He was in the last campaign and had served the republican party, and had claims on it, as he represented, and as I believe, and had, at some previous time, been promised by Senator Matthews assistance. When he came on here I saw him in behalf of Packard. He represented that he did not desire any office for himself, but Matthews had promised him before that he would endeavor to assist him. He said to me: "I want nothing for myself from the administration. I have done my duty to the government, and I want to see you or Mr. Packard appointed, and I will go up and see Matthews, and get him to do the best he can for you," which he did.

COME IN MRS JENKS.

Q—Do you remember Mrs. Jenks being here?

A—Yes, sir. She was here. It was published in the papers that she was here, and that she had the Sherman document.

Q - She was here claiming to have the Sherman letter?

A - She told me she had.

Q - What was she doing with it?

A - I could not say. My impression is that Mrs. Jenks came here in the latter part of January, and, I think, the day after she came she came up to the house and called me into an ante room, and stated that she was desirous of assisting Packard in securing the place; that the administration did not appear to consider the claims of the republicans down there who had served the party; that Packard would appoint men to serve the party and good men, and she offered her services—that is, she said that she might be of service. In any case, she said, she was going to see Mr. Sherman. I think she said she had an agreement or letter. She said that this letter was written by Sherman, and that she wanted to use it if it could be used to help Packard. I did not care to take any part in the matter and told her she had better see Packard or Kellogg or somebody, and I think that was the last I saw of her. I remember distinctly her telling me at our first interview that she had the documents. It may be that she said she was representing a party that had them, but I think she had them.

THE SHERMAN LETTER.

Q.—When was the first time you knew that Matthews was aware that certain papers were not in Anderson's hands which it was anyways important to take up?

A.—I cannot answer the question just in that shape. Matthews never said to me that Anderson had any papers he desired to take up. On the contrary, he said to me in one of our interviews, probably in March, that the papers in Anderson's hands were of no account, and he did not care whether they were taken up or not. I mean his letters he might have written. I remember we had a conversation at that time in regard to the Sherman letter, and that Matthew's opinion was that there was no such letter given, and it was not worth bothering about.

HOW SHERMAN CAJOLED HER.

Q—About how long was it before Mrs. Jenks changed front on her statement as to having or not having the letter?

A—As nearly as I can recollect, she was here a couple of weeks. I never talked with her after that, except as I passed her on the street once or twice, but in the course of a week or so there was an interview with Mr. Sherman, in the course of which he said he had never given such a letter; and Mrs. Jenks admitted he never had. She published a card in the Times to that effect. I remember that during the time that Anderson was over here, he saw her.

Q—What other copies of Sherman's documents are in existence? Any except this original document which she claims to have?

A I am not sure. I expect Anderson had a copy.

A LITTLE REFRESHED.

Mr. McMahon—Look at that letter and see if it is your handwriting and if it refreshes your recollection as to any matters (handing a letter to the witness.)

A.—Yes, this is a little earlier date than I thought. I said it was dated in March, but I see it is dated February 17. The conversation that I had with Matthews was about this letter—this document. At the time there was nothing said about my recollection of any papers or documents or any thing of that kind. Matthews said he was

ANXIOUS TO OBLIGE ANDERSON.

Q—Anderson had just been over here, hadn't he?

A.—Yes, I imagine he had. He was over a number of times.

Q—He had an interview with Senator Matthews, had he not?

A.—That must have been written after his first interview.

Q—After he went home you wrote to him, didn't you.

A.—Yes, sir.

APPROACHING MATTHEWS THROUGH ANDERSON.

Mr. McMahon read the letter as follows:

House of Representatives, Washington, D C, February 17, 18 8.—My Dear Sir: I called on a senator this evening, found him expecting me and said all and more than I expected. He says the president will not appoint P., and at once suggested I should take it. I am to advise with him as soon as Wells is out of the way, which is in two or three days. He will energetically work heartily for me. Packard also said to-day that he would support me in case he cannot get it himself. If you think best, you write to me that in thinking the matter over, since you have gone home, you are now convinced that I am the best man, and that it will suit you best. He wants to do what is right by you, he tells me, and, I know, desires that you should be satisfied. Write a strong but careful letter. I need hardly say that if I should get the place, I will appreciate you, and if I don't, I will all the same appreciate your efforts. Will write anything new in the case. Give my respects to Mrs A., and be ready to come over, if necessary. Truly, etc.

C. B. Darrall.

To Jas. E. Anderson, Philadelphia.

MATTHEWS EXPECTED HIM.

After reading the letter, the witness was asked if it did not refresh his recollection that when he went to see Senator Matthews the latter was expecting to see him.

A.—I expect that likely it was written in regard to the first interview I had with Matthews after Anderson had seen him, because I remember Anderson came back after going to see him in Packard's behalf. I imagine that is the first letter to Matthews.

WHY WAS ANDERSON THE BEST MAN.

Q—Why did you want Anderson to write to Matthews in your behalf and for him to state in it that you were the best man, and that it would suit him the best—that is, suit Anderson the best; what led you to believe there was any such relation existing between these two men that it would be of any importance to you?

A.—For the simple reason, as I said in my evidence, that Anderson wrote to me that Matthews had agreed and he had given written assurances that if he withdrew any claim he had, he would ask either Packard's appointment or my appointment.

WOULD NOT SOUND VERY WELL.

The witness continued: Shortly after this date, I had a conversation with Matthews, in which I was first to mention the fact that Anderson told me he had certain letters or papers, which, if given to the opposition or publishers, would not sound very well for those concerned. My letter would show, probably, that it was written a day after the interview with Matthews. With that explanation, I can probably go on with my answer to your questions. About the time this letter was written, probably the same day or day before, I was told that negotiations were pending between Anderson's attorney and Tilden and his friends, in New York, by which these documents and papers and letters of Matthews were to be placed in possession of somebody in New York, Tilden or his friends, and I wrote this letter to Anderson, because I considered he should act in good faith in the matter, and that the letters had been taken out of the possession of his attorney and kept in his own possession. At that time I certainly had not seen all the documents. I had certainly not seen Matthews's letters, and knew nothing of them. The only letter I had seen of Matthews's was that he talked with Anderson and Weber, and promised to do something for them, and that is what he told me.

A LITTLE UNEASY.

Q.—What you heard made you rather uneasy on the subject? You attached some importance to these papers?

A.—I did for this reason, because Anderson had told me there was such documents to be published, and I had never had any conversation up to this date with Senator Matthews, and that they were such documents that would injure Matthews greatly. In fact, they would cause him to lose his seat. Up to this date I have had no conversation with Matthews about these papers.

Q.—This is a letter referring to the Sherman letter. Look at it.

Here Mr. McMahon read the following letter:

MATTHEWS IN TROUBLE.

House of Representatives, March 3, 1877—My Dear Sir: I had an interview with M. this evening, and told him what I heard from Potter, and you had assured me the papers were in your own possession, and would remain so. He said that he heard from a source that a proposition had been made by some one, and in talking said that if all went right you were to give them up. I said that would surely be done, and I would be responsible. He, of course, spoke only of the Sherman copy, and I referred to nothing else. You had best write him. You were over but did not care to trouble him, and that you assured me the papers were safe in your own possession and would be given up when I went in. You understood neither of us referred to any papers from him you had, and all looks as favorable as we could wish. We will hear from Marks to-morrow, and I will at once let you know. Write or not, as you think best, to M., but it seems to me better to write. Give my love to Mrs. A. and tell her we are going to win. Write any news from S's. Truly yours, C. B. Darrall.

To James E. Anderson, Philadelphia.

ON THE BACK AGAIN.

Darrall was cross-examined at great length. The tenor of his evidence still continuing to place Anderson and Matthews in close political relations. Seymour, the notary, and the two witnesses, Dick and Wilder, to the Anderson-Weber statement testify to the execution of the paper. They knew Anderson and were there for the first time made acquainted with Weber. Gen. Smith, formerly appointed clerk of the treasury, was partially examined without any new developments.

THE EFFECT OF THE EVIDENCE.

The proceedings of the Potter committee excite intense interest north. Some 10 000 words of the associated press go north. To-night they are sending 20 000 regularly, and the specials are equally as verbose. As the corrupt practices developed are known throughout the south, it is thought best not to crowd out the markets with the details of the old story.

THE MATTHEWS WHITE-WASHERS.

The Matthews committee of the senate this evening reconsidered the motion to postpone. They will meet to-morrow in open session and have Anderson and Darrall before them.

AN URGENT REQUEST TO LAY OVER.

One of the Florida Exposition Commissioners Arrested.

New York, June 12—George P. Hart, commissioner from Florida for the Paris exposition, was arrested in Bayonne yesterday on a capias issued by Judge Knapp, on the application of Henry Dezavala, a lawyer in this city. It seems that Hart, Dezavala and David M. Porter, also a lawyer, possessed a claim against the Lathrop Combination Sewing Machine company for $22,000, in satisfaction of which they received from the company a note for $10,000 and 287 machines, valued at $12,000. Porter owned twenty-five, Dezavala forty-five and Hart 30 per cent of the claim. The machines were first stored by Hart with Remington, but he subsequently, it is alleged, removed them and disposed of them,

APPROPRIATING THE PROCEEDS

to his own use. He then returned to Florida. He was stopping on his way to Europe in Bayonne when arrested. George W. Cassidy, commissioner of the supreme court, held him in a $5,400 bail to await trial.

DEATH OF WM. CULLEN BRYANT

The Last Scenes Around his Death-Bed

New York, June 12.—Wm. Cullen Bryant died at 5:35 this morning.

THE PRECEDING HOUR.

At 2 o'clock this morning a sudden change for the worst came over Mr. Bryant and his breathing became very heavy. His daughter, Miss Bryant, and his granddaughter, Miss Goodwin, Mr John H. Graham and his doctors were at once

SUMMONED TO HIS BEDSIDE

and remained with him to the last. He passed away peacefully, and evidently suffered but little pain. He has been unconscious ever since the day of the accident, which caused his death, except that for a few moments he would evince signs of returning consciousness and would count one, two, three, four and so on slowly, as if testing his memory.

Rubber Contraction.

New York, June 12.—The Combination Rubber company, No. 26 Barclay street and west 24th street, failed. Liabilities $115,000 The assets consist of real estate, machinery and outstanding accounts, which have been placed in the hands of a receiver.

The Baldwin County Murderer.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

Milledgeville, June 12.—The doctors acted promptly and gave Shaw a new lease. He was forced to vomit the poison. He left here this morning for Atlanta and will arrive to-night. He was very weak this morning.

A QUEBEC RIOT.

The Mob Sacking the Stores—Fired Upon by the Military—Finally Suppressed.

Quebec, June 12.—The laborers on a strike have been plundering Renaud's flour store on St. Paul street. They are stopping traffic on the streets, forcing the truckmen to assist them in carrying off the plunder. The B battery and the police are now engaged in dispersing the mob.

THE RIOT INCREASING.

The riot is on the increase. The strikers number about one thousand. B. battery has been forced to retreat.

THE RIOT ACT

has been read on the ground. The captain, provost, adjutant and some of the men were badly cut with stones. The mob took from Renaud's store nearly 200 barrels of flour. The military are

MARCHING UP AND DOWN

St. Paul street. At 2:30 p. m. the military attempted to disperse the crowd without avail.

FIRING HAS COMMENCED.

One man is reported killed and several wounded. Several rioters and spectators are also wounded. Captain Shaw and the provost are badly cut with stones. Some bullets also are believed to have taken effect in their arms and legs. Two or three of the mob have received sabre cuts from the cavalry. Everything is now quiet. The rioters have dispersed. B. battery is guarding the parliament house.

ON THE WAY TO QUEBEC.

Montreal, June 12.—The following regiments left here at 9:45 p. m. for Quebec:

The Victoria Rifles, Prince of Wales Rifles and the Fifth Fusiliers.

An immense crowd saw them off. At last accounts there had been no further outbreak at Quebec.

SAD-EYED JOHN.

He Writes a Financial Letter by Way of Diversion.

Washington, June 12.—Secretary Sherman has written a letter to the honest money league in session at Milwaukee, and says it is manifest that my public duties will not permit me to leave this city at the time, or I should be glad to join with you in the effort you are making to secure to the people of the United States honest money, by which I mean United States or national bank notes convertible at the will of the holders into gold and silver coin. For over sixteen years we have had money which lacked the essential ingredient of being

EQUAL IN PURCHASING POWER

to coin, varying in value from 40 cents on the dollar to nearly par. We have now reached a time when we can hope that our paper money can be maintained at par with coin, and thus secure an honest money equal in value to the money of the civilized world. Under the law, as it now stands, we undertake to maintain in circulation a greater amount of government notes at par with coin than any nation has attempted before. The law also provides for the issue and circulation of as many

BANK NOTES SECURED BY UNITED STATES BONDS

as any company or association of five or more persons will agree to maintain and secure their maintenance at par with United States notes. The largest amount of paper money that has the indispensible perquisite of redemption in coin, can now be circulated, and besides our country is producing annually, about $80,000,000 in gold and silver bullion. Surely this result so anxiously sought by most intelligent statesmen and business men of our and other times, should not be endangered by adopting

ANY WILD THEORIES

about irredeemable paper money without a fixed standard of value, yet it is to oppose and defeat such schemes that it becomes necessary that your organization of those in favor of good money should be encouraged and supported. The whole business and industrial classes of the community who are in favor of greenbacks, supplemented by bank notes amply issued under a general law to all who will comply with its conditions, should unite with us in maintaining a system which, if successful, will furnish the best currency that has ever existed in any country

SMOKE.

The Tobacco Men in Council.

Richmond, Va., June 12.—A large and influential delegation of the tobacco trade of Richmond, accompanied by a considerable number of representative merchants and business men, leave for Washington to-morrow morning for the purpose of hastening the action of congress on the settlement of the tobacco tax question. The visit will be mainly due to the great depression in business, resulting from the almost entire suspension of operations in the manufacture of tobacco, the consequent lack of employment of many whites, and a greater portion of the colored population.

A DEARTH OF NEWS.

Which Causes Rome to Return to the State of the Pope's Pulse.

Rome, June 12.—The Bersaglieri, a liberal newspaper, stated yesterday that the pope had had a protracted fit The Osservatore Romano officially states that the pope's health is excellent. The Unita Cattolica contradicts the report that the pope contemplates going to the country. The weather in Rome is excessively hot.

The Day at West Point.

West Point, June 12—General Sheridan arrived here this morning, receiving a major general's salute.

General Sherman is also expected today.

The first class examination closed yesterday, and the standing will be announced to-morrow morning. Visitors are flowing in.

The presidential party has arrived, and were received with the usual honors.

The Roanoke Reunion.

Salem, June 12.—The quarto-centennial reunion of Roanoke college took place yesterday, and it was a grand affair. The executive committee was appointed to make arrangements for the first triennial in 1881.

Royal Distresses.

London, June 12.—The Duchess of Edinburg has gone to St. Petersburg on account of the illness of her mother, which is serious but not dangerous.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR.

The emperor of Germany had a restless sleep last night.

A NEW VERSION.

HOW THE ELECTORAL COUNT WAS SECURED.

Agency of Senator Hill and 42 Ex-Confederate Representatives.—The Members of the Wormley's Hotel Conference Wholly Irresponsible and Incapable of Preventing the Defeat of the Count.

Special Dispatch to the N. Y. Times.

Washington, June 9.—Senator Ben Hill, of Georgia, made some highly interesting statements to-day respecting the most important events that transpired during the session of the electoral commission, and which throw new light upon the history of that critical period. The conversation originated through an allusion to the resolution introduced in the senate yesterday by Senator Spencer, one of the avowed objects of which is to investigate into and expose the proceedings of what is known as the "Wormley hotel conference." A passing reference to this political gathering is, perhaps, necessary in order to maintain the continuity of this narrative. As the story goes, a few republicans, friends of Mr. Hayes, who were cognizant of his purposes, met by appointment an equal number of southern democrats at Wormley's hotel in this city. It was during the heights of the excitement pending the last days of the presidential count, when a deadlock seemed inevitable and all sorts of alarming rumors were in circulation. The democrats who participated in the conference claimed, it is alleged, to have it in their power to prevent the completion of the electoral count, and were willing to withdraw all opposition to such completion if the friends of Mr Hayes will guarantee that, when he becams president the federal troops would be withdrawn from Louisiana and South Carolina, and that such other measures would be adopted as would secure the dissolution of the Packard and Chamberlain governments and the establishment of those of Nicholls and Wade Hampton. The republicans, in consideration of a completion of the count being permitted, agreed to the terms proposed by the democrats Both parties to the negotiation exchanged pledges satisfactory to each other, and in pursuance of this arrangement the count was completed, Mr. Hayes was inaugurated, and the changes in the state governments of Louisiana and South Carolina effected.

Up to this time the power of the democrats who took part in the Wormley conference to have prevented the completion of the electoral count has been undisputed, and the credit for defeating the filibustering movement in the house has been generally attributed to them. Senator Hill, however, emphatically and unequivocally denies that the agreement entered into at the Wormley hotel conference had any bearing upon the peaceful solution of the presidential problem. He states that the democrats who participated in the conference did so without a shadow of authority from anybody, and without consultation with their party colleagues. It was purely the gratuitous, irresponsible act of a few men who had controlled no votes in the house except their own, and who did not have it in their power to fulfill the agreement it is alleged they made. Senator Hill authorizes the statement that in his opinion the democrats who participated in the Wormley conference could have no other object in view than a desire to obtain notoriety. So far from having influenced the action of the house, Senator Hill, to use almost his own words, said to the Times correspondent: "I am now about to reveal to you the dim outlines of what will some day form one of the most patriotic pages in American history, and after I conclude my brief narrative you will know just how much influence this so called Wormley conference had in affecting the result of the electoral count. When the decision of the electoral commission in the Florida case became known, I became satisfied that the disputed states would be decided in favor of Hayes, and that the issue which would presently confront us would be the legal inauguration of Mr. Hayes as president or another revolution. I consulted with a few ex-confederates, all members of the house of representatives, and the situation was thoroughly and earnestly discussed. Not to enter into unnecessary details, we, who had just emerged from a ruinous and disastrous war, and had experienced its devastating effects—we ex-rebels, determined to prevent a second civil war and spare the country from all the terrible horrors that it would attend it. Accordingly 42 ex-confederates solemnly pledged themselves to each other upon their sacred honor to oppose all attempts to frustrate the counting of the votes for president and vice-president. We held no caucus, nor no meeting. I called upon each gentleman personally and obtained his signature to a paper that I presented to him. We conducted the move with the greatest caution, for we did not desire our plans should be even suspected. You may judge how well the secret has been kept when it has remained inviolate to this day. Having disclosed these facts, you can now determine what degree of importance to attach to the influence exercised by the democratic members of the Wormley conference upon the result of the electoral count. The 42 ex-confederate congressmen had pledged themselves to abide by the decision of the electoral commission several weeks before the Wormley conference took place, so that, despite the sensational rumors that filled the air, toward the close of the count, there never was the remotest possibility of trouble. We held the balance of power, and did not propose to permit another war if our votes could prevent it.

Being asked for his opinion on the Potter investigation, Senator Hill said that he was in favor of eliciting all the facts tending to establish fraud, wherever perpetrated or by whosoever committed; but there it would end. The presidential title would not be disturbed, and nothing would be done, except what was just and legal. He, personally, did not believe that President Hayes was in any manner connected with any frauds or irregularities. On the contrary, he thought he was an honest, pure and upright man, "If anybody attempts to inaugurate a revolution," said Senator Hill, in conclusion, "the ex rebels will put it down. We will not allow it.

THE BLOOD OF PATRIOTS.

The Ohio Office-Grabbers in Convention.

Cincinnati, June 12.—The republican state convention met to-day. Hon. Wm Lawrence was elected permanent chairman. Judge Wm. White heads the ticket as supreme judge. The platform opens: The principles of the republican party as written in the history of the country, as specifically declared in the national platform of the party, as made sacred by the blood of patriots shed in defence of union and freedom, we hereby re-affirm.

An Arrival.

London, June 12. The Globe says two American vessels have arrived at Cronstadt with arms, ammunition and warlike stores for Russia.

THE EUROPEAN CONGRESS.

The Great Event of the Day.

London, June 12.—The sessions of the congress will be secret. A committee, however, will be appointed to select what portion of the proceedings will be given to the press. It is expected that the congress will allow Austria to occupy Bosnia. The mobilization of the Austrian forces is ordered. The situation at Constantinople causes uneasiness. The porte continues to hold the forts against the demands of Russia, supported by Germany.

THE B'S IN COUNCIL.

Beaconsfield and Bismarck had a two hour's conference last night at Berlin.

GROWING HAUGHTY.

The Telegraph's Vienna correspondent says that Russia recently has taken a very overbearing tone toward Austria.

COMING IN.

Berlin, June 12.—Count Corti, Italian plenipotentiary and suite, arrived here at midnight. Prince Gortschakoff arrived at six.

THE PLENIPOTENTIARIES.

Berlin, June 12—The plenipotentiaries to the congress passed the day in exchanging visits. Prince Hohenhoe and Counts Andrassy and Schouvaloff, visited the Earl of Beaconsfield. The Turkish plenipotentiaries are expected at 10 o'clock Thursday evening. The Ottoman embassador resident at Berlin, will therefore, alone represent Turkey at the opening of the congress. The congress will choose its own president, but Prince Bismarck will doubtless be selected at the outset of the proceedings. It will be announced that complete secrecy is to be observed and an oath to that effect imposed on the printers who are to print the private reports of the sittings.

THE FEDERAL FOCUS.

The Kimmell Report Postponed—The Appropriation Bills.

THE SENATE.

Washington, June 12.—The president pro tem laid before the senate a communication from the secretary of war enclosing a letter from the commanding general of the department of Texas calling attention to the difficulty of obtaining information to follow the raiders, and recommending the erection of a line of telegraph along Neuce river. The secretary approves the recommendation of General Ord, and asks that an appropriation be made for that purpose. Ordered to be printed and lie one the table.

The senate passed the house bill making appropriations for the payment of claims reported and allowed by the commissioners of claims under an act of congress of March 3d, 1871, together with amendments extending the time for taking evidence and submitting claims in cases now pending until March 10th, 1879, and also extending the terms of office of the commissioners of claims till March 10th, 1880; provided, that nothing in said act shall be so construed as to extend the time for filing claims before said commission or to enlarge its jurisdiction or to authorise the filing of new claims.

Mr. Conkling, of New York, from the committee on commerce, reported without amendment the bill to organize a life saving service. Placed on the calendar. He also reported from the same committee, without amendment, the house bill to aid vessels wrecked or disabled in water contiguous to the United States or Canada. Placed on the calendar.

From the commerce committee favorably on the senate bill authorizing the Southern Pacific R. R. Co. to conduct, maintain and operate a bridge across the Colorado river at Ft. Yuma, in the state of California and in the territory of Arizona. Placed on the calendar.

The senate passed the deficiency appropriation bill without amendment, and proceeded to bills on the calendar. The eight hour bill was postponed to the next session.

The Mexican award distribution bill has gone to the committee.

THE HOUSE.

The whole session was consumed in consideration of the civil sundry appropriation bill. No final action.

The river and harbor bill as amended by the senate is under consideration to-night.

THE KIMMELL BILL.

The conference judiciary committee has postponed action on the Kimmell bill till Friday, in order to allow the chairman, Mr. Knott, to write his minority report. The majority report endorses the Potter committee and urges a full investigation, so that the facts may be known and the guilty punished as provided by the constitution and laws, but declares the house incompetent to move in matters settled by the last session as regards the action of the high commission and the title which it conferred on Mr. Hayes.

CONFIRMATIONS.

John C. Fremont, governor of Arizona; John H. Witcher, of West Virginia, pension agent at Washington; Lewis McKenzie, postmaster at Alexandria, Va.

THE LIGHT HOUSE BOARD

gives notice that on the 1st of August 78 lights on the east side of the jetties at South pass and at the head of passes on the Mississippi river will be changed from fixed white to fixed red.

THE LEE FUND.

The managers of the Lee monument fund, of Richmond, Va., acknowledge the receipt of $357 from Miss Florida Cunningham, secretary of the Lee monument association of the District of Columbia.

THE GREENBACK CONFERENCE.

The national greenback conference is in session here, making a vigorous effort to have the resumption bill repealed.

THE POST OFFICE APPROPRIATION.

The conference committee on the post office appropriation bill came to terms yesterday afternoon, and another of the general appropriation bills is disposed of. There still remains to be agreed upon the legislative, executive and judicial, the deficiency, the river and harbor, and the army bill.

THE INDIAN RISING.

Sitting Bull Reported on Belly River.

San Francisco, June 12—A Nevada dispatch reports that the citizens are arming. The Indians captured a stage. The driver was killed, and the only passenger escaped on one of the leaders. The rest of the horses were captured. The stage contained several boxes of arms and ammunition for the Idaho settlers who are crowding into Camp McDermit.

SITTING BULL'S SERENITY.

Winnepeg, June 12.—Sitting Bull is reported quiet at Belly river.

The Weather in London.

London, June 12.—The weather continues unsettled and unseasonable. There was a heavy fall of snow in Perthshire, Scotland, yesterday.

M. Muir & Sons, grain merchants of Glasgow, have failed. Liabilities, $80,000.

AGRICULTURAL.

THE FIELD—THE FARM—THE GARDEN.

Sheep—Poultry—Plants—Turnips—Wheat—Floral Items—Flies on Horses—Successful Farming.

WHEAT.

Some days since we wrote an article on wheat planting. Since then we have received one or two letters, still asking information, and these letters were from southern Georgia. As the following from the Thomasville Times very well answers the letters, we republish it: "The generally satisfactory results attending the growing of wheat during the past two or three years, coupled with the success of the occasional experiments that have been made in the more remote past, go to prove that this crop can be relied on in this section. This being the case, a bountiful supply for home consumption should be raised on every farm, and just here we would suggest to our farmers to try Dr. Janes's advice on wheat raising. He says one hundred and fifty or two hundred pounds per acre of any high grade phosphate, such as the Charleston deposits give forth, sown to the acre with peas, and peas allowed to mature and die on the ground, will be ample to insure a maximum yield of wheat on almost any of the lands in this section. The experiment would cost but little, and would, in our opinion, pay, not only on wheat, but on any crop that we grow. Now is a favorable time to make the experiment. Select a few acres of stubble land, sow the phosphate broadcast, plow it in and plant the peas in the drill. We recommend this method of planting in preference to broadcasting the pea, because we believe a larger yield of both peas and vines will be secured by drilling and giving one after plowing In October the vines will be fully matured and will have been killed by frost. The cultivation will have put the ground in good order by keeping it clear of weeds and grass, and render the plowing in of the vines with the wheat an easy matter.

SUCCESSFUL FARMING.

We have received a letter from a young man in Troup county asking for some information, as he says, to assist him to succeed in his calling. We do not know that there is any royal road to farming, or are there any rules to lead to success. Still there are many things which, if carried out, would greatly benefit farmers and make their occupation more remunerative. Going in debt for horses, mules, provisions, fertilizers, etc., without a certainty to pay for them when due is a bad rule to follow. To try to cultivate several hundred acres of land with a small force, light supply of fertilizers, and but few and defective tools is a bad and non-paying rule. Better to have fewer acres and enrich them by deep and thorough cultivation, by the use of green crops and home made manures and fertilizers. Use the very best tools that you are able to buy. Give some of your time to beautifying your home. Plant orchards and take care of them. And last but not least, subscribe to one or more good papers for your family to read.

TURNIPS.

Turnip sowing time will come after awhile. Procure good seed, have a sufficiency of manure, and thoroughly prepare the ground and you will not fail in making a good crop. A rich cow pen is, as a matter of course, the best land for this crop. Land on which cattle and sheep have been penned is preferable. Such land plowed and cross plowed will do. Land of this character would admit of broad coating and perhaps would yield more than if cultivated in drills. If the ruta baga is cultivated, it may be sown earlier that other varieties. If other lands are used drills are best. Use about two hundred pounds of good guano to the acre; let it be deposited in drills some ten days before the seed are sown; the distance between the drills should admit of plowing the crop; thin the plants early to about five inches apart. Well rotted stable manure, ground bones and ashes, or a rich compost, are all good manures for turnips.

TEA, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Reference is made to the national department at Washington, which is busily engaged looking after new and profitable sources of industry to our people. The tea plan which has been the cause of no little merriment throughout the country is very soberly and practically regarded by the department, for its cultivation in this country on a small scale, and for family use, is an accomplished fact. Numerous communications on this subject show how great and wide an interest is taken in tea culture, especially by the people of the south. The demand for plants at present exceeds the supply. It has just received from China and Japan fifty bushels of seed, which it is propagating and which will soon be ready for shipment. Fine, vigorous plants, two and three months old, are now being shipped to the south, and located in groups, so that in course of time, if the industry shall assume sufficient importance, tea-houses may be erected to prepare the plant for market. Tea thus far grown here is said to be equal to any that can be bought for $1 per pound retail, while some of it equals in flavor the highest grades of tea which never reach this country, and are valued in the countries where they are produced at from $5 to $14 per pound. The consumption of tea in the United States amounts to $20 000,000 annually. The department believes that this expenditure can be kept at home, and in this opinion it has the concurrence of many of those who are engaged in the experiment. More than that, the hope is indulged that we may even some day export it.

FLIES ON HORSES.

The following we republish from the Thomasville Times: Mr. J. F. Hollis tells us he has discovered a preventative to keep flies from horses, and desires us to publish it to the readers of the Argus. Take tar and kerosene oil, one tablespoonful of each, and mix thoroughly. Then take two tablespoonsful of lard and mix with tar and kerosene. Then anoint the parts which the flies trouble.

FARM NOTES.

—Do not leave fertilizers about where poultry, sheep, or other animals, can pick up fragments, or lick the bags, and do not wash the bags in water troughs, or ponds, where animals drink, as some of the chemicals are poisonous.

—Corn loses one-fifth by drying, and wheat one-fourteenth. So it is much better to sell unshelled corn in the fall at 75 cents than $1 a bushel in the following summer, and wheat at $1.25 in December than $1 45 in the succeeding June.

—If any manure is left in the yard after spring it should be heaped up and a sprinkle of plaster or gypsum applied once a week to prevent the escape of the manurial gases. The plaster fixes or holds the ammonia so that it is not lost. The pile should be forked over occasionally and melted to prevent burning.

FOR BLIND STAGGERS.

The following we republish from the Quitman Reporter: We learn from Judge Isaac Johnson, one of our most practical and clever citizens, the following simple remedy for blind staggers, which he states he has never known to fail in any instance to effect a cure. The remedy is simply a pint of common salt, dissolved in a bucket of water. If the animal refuses to drink put it in a lot where it cannot get water, and keep it there, until it will drink, and that is all that is necessary to be done. The cure is certain within a few hours after the draught is swallowed down.

FLORAL ITEMS.

—There are a great many beautiful flowers now in bloom in our city. A walk on many of the streets, and we find well trimmed borders, fountains, graceful snow balls nod us a welcome, and lilacs in their sweet perfume remind us of the days when the little girls strung them for beads to adorn their necks. But nature's rarer beauties are cultivated by many.

—On some of the grounds in our city we find a mistake in geranium culture. The plants are crowded too closely together. They need light and air on all sides, or they become tall and crooked, one sided, have but few leaves, with a tuft at the top. For keeping them next winter, before frost injures them, lift them from the ground without breaking the roots; the tops may be trimmed if very large; shake the soil from the roots, and hang them by the roots in a dry cellar near the top. The old leaves will fall. Very early in the spring bring them out and place in a large box of sand to sprout ready for the ground again.

PLANTS.

A Coweta correspondent writes asking something about the division of plants. We reply that there are three distinctions—that is, plants are divided into genera, species and varieties. The genera denotes an assemblage of several species agreeing with one another in their structural characters more closely than with other species.

A species denotes a class embracing such varieties as may have originated from it as their common parent, and is capable of producing itself indefinitely.

A variety is an individual having originated from a species, and differing from it only in some minor particulars, as shape, foliage, color or flavor of fruits.

SHEEP.

We have received a letter from Virginia asking one or two questions about sheep raising in certain localities in southern Georgia.

In reply, we state that in the counties of Montgomery, Telfair, Appling, Coffee, Irwin, Liberty and Tatnall, there are 52 620 head of sheep, Montgomery having the largest number, 11,769. These same counties have 152 033 acres of improved land, and 2,091 990 acres of unimproved land. From this it will be seen what a large area of p

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS ON FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per seven words each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotypes or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When property classified the smallest advertisement is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

BOARDERS WANTED—At No. 57 Marietta street, Westmoreland House, first door above the Custom House Well furnished, well ventilated rooms, supplied with hot and cold water, goo bathing facilities, &c. Terms reasonable Highest references given 225 jun13 66t.

WANTED—A salesman acquainted with the Tea trade, to sell in Atlanta and vicinity Address Box 1840, Philadelphia, Pa. 134 june6 d3t sat tues thur

FOR RENT.

TO RENT—That desirable Store, 38 Marietta street, now occupied by Kendrick & Co. Possession given whenever desired Apply to The Singer Manufacturing Co., 43 Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga. 90 june5...d1m

FOR RENT—My Residence near the Railroad Station at Covington, Geo gia, with 6 a res Gardens and Orchards The house is large and has modern improvements Would be suitable for residence of a large family or boarding house. Apply to Col W. W. Clark, Covington; or Jno. S Wright, Augusta, Ga. W. F. Herring. 86 june5...d2w wed sat

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A fine bull calf, dropped February 22, 1878—three-fourths Jersey and of best butter strains on side of both dam and sire. Price, $25 to W. P. Patillo, No. 3 Pryor street, Atlanta Ga 240 june13...d1t

NOTICE TO LAWYERS—A small and select Law Library for sale cheap, or broken to suit purchasers. Pallipe & Crew. 000 june13...d3t thur sun tues

NEW FLOUR—Send to the Atlanta Flouring Mills and get New Flour, made from New Wheat Corner Hunter and Thompson streets H Lewis. 000 june13...99t

FOR SALE—White Pine Window Blinds, painted or unpainted, at extremely low prices W. Jennings & Co., 38 Decatur street. 111 june6 .deod5t thur sat tues

TWO well built wood houses, in good condition, 12 by 18 feet, used as Carriage house and Stable on my lot corner Washington and Rawson streets, Want them moved off to make room for other buildings and will sell them cheap. W. J. Garrett. 226 june13...d3t wed sun

TO THE FARMERS—The Cotton Cultivator and Grass and Labor Saving Machine is now for sale at the store of J. H. Anderson & Co., No. 16 Loyd Street. Frank Arnim. 244 may14...d1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

WHITE PINE SASH, DOORS, BLINDS Mantels, &c., Builders' Hardware, Paints and Window Glass. 38 Decatur street. W. Jennings & Co. 150 feb9...d6mo

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, LOCKS, HINGES, &c., lower than any house in Georgia. W. G Ashley, 33 South Broad street. 480 aug28...deodtf

BOARDING.

GOOD BOARD, on the most reasonable terms, can be had for day boarders with pleasant rooms in families, at the Cannon House, 16½ Marietta street. 224 june12 d3t

PRIVATE BOARD, or rooms furnished without board. Location desirable and on street car line. Apply at 304 Whitehall street. 155 june9...d1t

PRIVATE BOARDING, 124 Peachtree street Atlanta, Georgia, next door to Executive Mansion. Terms: $1 00, $1 50, $2 00, $3 00, per day. Away from Steam Cars. Location most desirable. Fine Shady Grounds. Cool, Well ventilated Rooms. Healthy locality. Street cars pass the door for all parts of the city and Ponce deLeon Springs. 275 may15...d1m

PARTIES visiting New York city can find first-class board at very reasonable rates at 111 and 113 East 14th st. Should mountain air be desired, they can be accommodated at the Mountain House, Cornwall on Hudson. This large, first-class summer hotel, with a capacity for 800 guests, is situated in the most beautiful part of the highlands of the Hudson. For particulars address S. T. Arnold, 111 and 113 East 14 h st, New York. 173 may12...aunathur 8w

BOARD only $40 per month at Blue Ridge Springs and celebrated Dyspepsia Water. Philip F. Brown, Proprietor. may4...d1f

LOST AND FOUND

STRAYED—A Bay flea-bitten Mare, medium size, with three white feet, branded 54 on left side of neck and 7 on left shoulder. Liberal reward will be paid for returning same or information of her whereabouts, C. T. Broach, Monroe, Georgia. 238 june13...d1f

A SMALL Smith & Wesson Revolver, with black handle lost near the corner of Hunter and Washington streets yesterday. A liberal reward will be paid for its recovery if delivered to H. C. Clark, at Police Headquarters. 204 june11...d1f

LOST—On Washington street, Sunday morning, a Child's Gold Necklace and Locket. The locket in the shape of a book with blue enamelled Masonic Square and Compass on it. The finder will be rewarded by applying at 53 Alabama street. 197 june11...d1f

AUCTION SALES.

6 CASES Boy's Boots and Shoes, 100 Bedsteads, 50 one Turn Plows, two Sewing Machines 50 pounds Best Black Flax Thread, Bathing Tubs, Crockery, Lamps, Watches, Notions, to day 9½ o'clock. H. Krouse & Co., 28 Peachtree street 244 june13...d1t

The Constitution

ATLANTA, GA.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1878.

BEN BUTLER smells a rat.

THERE is a noise behind the arras. Is it a rat.

BARBARISM is not always armed with a razor.

THE republican rat is not alone. There is a cat in the meal-tub.

B. F. B. appears to be well acqainted with the ways of telegraph operators.

THE way of the investigator is not as hard as the organs thought it would be.

JOHN SHERMAN is said to have an entire regiment of witnesses. They will be put upon the stand in platoons.

THE great North American rat is a very fierce animal. He is a dispatch devourer.

IT will be well enough for the politicians to talk about the future when they come to comprehend the present.

THE aroma of rats troubles General Butler. He has inhaled this odor before, but not in such large quantities.

WHEN the next war comes on the editor of the New York Sun will be a full colonel.

TELEGRAPH officers should employ cats. It is better to have cats than that the country should be overrun with rats.

IT IS probable that General Butler, in the general melee, cannot hear our applause, but it is none the less sincere and we wish we could make it louder.

THE telegraphic rat is a republican animal. He gets into closets and gnaws his way through the most important testimony.

AN Indian war comes up every summer with the regularity of a thunder storm, except that the thunder storm doesn't cost anything.

THE Emperor William is getting better. That is to say, he is preparing to set himself up as a target for the sociable socialists.

THE modern telegraph messengers stand idly by while the great North American rat sits upon his hind legs and destroys the records. Such is life.

WITH the Hon. B. F. Butler as the leading investigator, it is impossible to tell where the resolution will end. Nor is it necessary to inquire.

THE democrats have now nothing to do but to sit quietly by and watch Butler's movements. The man seems to have his bristles erected.

THE impression produced upon the country by the investigation is one of profound peace. The farce is not funny—neither is the tragedy bloody.

THE next Indian war will revive the attractions of the sutler's profession. In saying this, we are sure we violate no confidence.

IT appears that the German socialists have organized a rifle team for the purpose of practicing at the emperor. Nobeling violated the rule by using a shot-gun.

THE Chinese eat rats. But Ben Butler's victim probably knew this. It is a habit which the Chinese have. Telegraph operators should cultivate the custom.

BEN BUTLER'S ark rests on Mount Arry-Rat. Hit a full-blooded republican and he says, "Nary Rat." In this manner we discover the true inwardness of the situation.

IT has been discovered that rats make a business of devouring telegraph dispatches. They are large sad-eyed rats, and they generally vote the republican ticket.

IT is impossible not to remember that we are in the midst of an exceedingly furious revolution. It is one of those sort of revolutions that purifies the atmosphere.

THE Grant movement is on the broad gauge order. The capitalists are said to be backing him, and we wouldn't be surprised to hear that Gussy Belmont had joined the procession.

COLONEL SPEER, of the Athens Watchman, alludes to Mr. Stephens as "the vice-president of the Confederate States." This is perhaps elegant, but it is inaccurate. At present the Confederate States have neither president nor vice-president.

THE whole country is watching General Butler's movements. There is a suspicion in the public mind that he has the investigation well in hand. He knows what testimony is, and he is in possession of facts otherwise inaccessible.

IF we remember correctly Mr. Stephens announced that he would be an independent candidate for congress before he had written his twin epistle to Key's letter. At any rate he announced the fact before the newspapers had attacked his position, and before there was any necessity for his "vindication."

MR. STEPHENS announces that he will be an independent candidate for congress only in case another man is nominated. This is a good idea, and we hope to see it adopted by all experienced politicians. If a man is not nominated he is "repudiated," and he can only test the extent of the repudiation by running as an independent.

THE warmth of metropolitan journalism seems to have cooled. The white hat of "Colonel" Delancy Kane, the distinguished English hostler, and the rose he is supposed to wear upon the lappel of his talented coat, are no longer on parade. This is too bad. We are deteriorating. Our civilization is becoming effete.

GRAPE CULTURE IN GEORGIA.

We were struck with the statement made a few days since before the Pomological society, in regard to wine-making in Georgia.

It has been exceedingly hard to get the ideas of the farmers of the state out of the ordinary current of cotton and corn cultivation. The system of broad acres, and the staple crops has taken possession of their minds, and they cannot be diverted from this plan. There is no doubt, however, if the statements of practical and reliable farmers can be believed—and there is no room to doubt them—that the small crops on a farm, pay much better profits than the main crops. Dr. Hape stated that grape culture would prove very profitable in Georgia, and that the best of wine could be made for 50 cents a gallon. Mr. Woodruff now makes and sells a great quantity at $2 per gallon, and we believe that at $1 a gallon, he could sell all he could make, soon after season. At this price it would be a very remunerative crop, and would outpay all the corn fields that could be planted.

We suggest that the Pomological society give an entire meeting to the discussion of the grape and wine question, and we promise that its debate shall be fully reported and conspicuously printed. There is nothing in which THE CONSTITUTION so much delights as the material development of the state, and the education of the farming classes. Let us have the discussion on grape culture, gentlemen.

WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

The news of the death of the venerable American poet yesterday morning did not not come unexpectedly. Ever since his fall on the thirtieth of last month, after an exposure of two hours in the sun at the unveiling in New York's great park of a bust of Joseph Mazzini, he has been lingering between life and death, with the chances in favor of the latter, on account of his great age. He was born at Cummington, Massachusetts, November 3, 1794. His father was a physician, who took unusual interest in the development of his children. William began at ten years of age to send lines to the county paper, and in his nineteenth year he wrote "Thanatopsis," one of the most impressive poems in the language. After he was graduated at Williams college he read law and began its practice; but the publication of "Thanatopsis" and his tastes soon led to an exchange of law for literature. His first volume of poems was published in 1821, and in 1823 he removed to New York, where he became an editor of the New York Evening Review. During the following year he connected himself with the Evening Post—a step that soon led to an exclusive control of its columns, and to large wealth. At his death he owned a controlling interest in this profitable newspaper property, and was doubtless the wealthiest poet in the country. It is unnecessary to follow the story of the rise of his literary reputation. His works, both of prose and poetry, are by no means few, and he has long held the first position in American literature. A complete edition of his poems was published in 1853, but as he continued writing, several supplementary volumes have appeared.

Of Mr. Bryant's various writings in prose, it has been said that they contain "no superfluous word, no empty or showy phrase," but are marked throughout by "pure, manly, straight forward and vigorous English." No poet, says Griswold, "has described with more fidelity the beauties of creation, nor sung in nobler song the greatness of the Creator. He is the translator of the silent language of the universe to the world. His poetry is pervaded by a pure and genial philosophy, a solemn and religious tone, that influence the fancy, the understanding, and the heart."

MR. STEPHENS AND THE EIGHTH DISTRICT.

A full copy of Mr. Stephens's letter to the chairman of the executive committee of his district has not been received. We have only the extract that the wires brought at a late hour on Tuesday night. After stating that he will neither seek nor decline a nomination at the hands of the democratic convention, Mr. Stephens says:

But if the convention shall repudiate me as an unfit representative of democratic principles and shall attempt to rule me out of the democratic party because of anything connected with my recent publications or statements, then I say to you and to them, plainly and distinctly, that I shall regard their edict as but a *brutum fulmen*, issued by an irresponsible faction of tricksters, and the question whether I or they are sound in the faith of the fathers shall be left for the true democracy of the district, to be settled at the polls. If this shall produce any division or dissension in the party, then the responsibility for the consequence must rest upon those who have so assailed and so grossly misrepresented me.

The impression left by this extract unmistakeably is that Mr. Stephens has just made up his mind to become a candidate regardless of the action of the democratic party, because of the "misrepresentations" that have grown out of his utterances in relation to the Potter movement. And yet this impression must be unwarranted; for on the twenty-fifth of May Mr. Stephens telegraphed to Mr. H. G. Wright, "I will stand for re-election." His letter in reply to Mr. Potter was not printed until the thirty-first of May, and very little if any comment adverse to Mr. Stephens appeared until after the first of the present month. Yesterday's dispatch is a reaffirmation of the dispatch that came more than two weeks ago, with this difference—no one could tell from the May dispatch whether or not Mr. Stephens intended to run as an independent candidate, whereas the June dispatch shows that he intends to run with or without the democratic nomination. Instead of inviting a nomination at the hands of the democrats of his district, he gives notice that he will not be bound by their action—that if they do not nominate him they will become in his estimation "an irresponsible faction of tricksters," whose edict will be but a harmless thunderbolt. This is indeed strange talk from a veteran representative, who has loved to witness the rescue by this same organized democracy that he despises, of Georgia and the whole south, and who will, we hope, live to witness the grand culmination of their patient and patriotic labors in a national victory that will restore honest and constitutional rule to the entire country. It is strange, uncalled for and most unfortunate. Mr. Stephens's nomination by the democratic convention was not endangered by his votes or utterances in the house over the Potter resolution. Why, then, has he gone off on a tangent? This is a conundrum we cannot solve. The democrats of the eighth district, with Mr. Stephens's full letter before them, will doubtless solve it speedily and satisfactorily. We await their decision without anxiety.

THE ATLANTA COURT-HOUSE.

The sundry civil service appropriation bill was taken up in the house last Monday. As paragraph after paragraph was read no snag was struck until the head, "public buildings," was reached, and the first item under that head was for the erection of a court-house at Atlanta. The committee recommended $20,000 for the continuation of the work. Mr. Candler moved to make it $60,000. Mr. Atkins, chairman of the appropriation committee, implored the house not to agree to the amendment, for he was satisfied it would be followed up by motions to increase the amounts on every appropriation for public buildings. Mr. Butler said he was willing to take up the gage just where Mr. Atkins threw it down, and to say that he, for one would vote to increase the appropriations in every case, for he believed men should be put at work by the government. Mr. Foster also favored the largest appropriations for these works. Mr. Eden opposed all increases, and predicted that if this and other motions prevailed, increased taxation would necessarily result. Mr. Carter Harrison spoke, particularly with reference to the appropriations for Chicago, and charged that the appropriation committee showed a lack of business capacity in framing this bill as it had done. Mr. Sparks, of Illinois, who is on the committee, got nettled at this and told Mr. Harrison that he would appear better as clarionet player in the middle of the Marine band than as a business man; to which Mr. Carter replied that when he played the music his colleague played the clown. Mr. Wright, of Pennsylvania, who has become the special champion of the laboring men, was, of course, well pleased with this movement to increase the appropriations, and the remarks made thereon. It was a satisfaction for him to know, he said, that the race of demagogues was rapidly increasing in the house. For months, he said, he stood here alone as the champion of the workingmen, and he was called a fool, an idiot, and everything else that was reprehensible; but he was glad that recruits were coming to his side. He did not know to what to attribute this change, unless it was that an election for congressmen was coming off in November. Mr. Singleton, of Mississippi, bitterly opposed any increase in the appropriations. Mr. Charley Foster got to questioning him on the subject of allegiance, and drew from him an admission that he regarded his first and highest allegiance as due to the state of Mississippi, and not to the general government. Mr. Durham protested against the theory advanced that it was the duty of the government to take care of all paupers in the United States, which remark excited the ire of Mr. Wright and others, who wanted to know what he meant by "paupers," whereupon Mr. Durham explained that he did not mean men who were earnestly striving for a livelihood. Mr. Ewing said he would vote for an increase of the appropriations up to the estimates as submitted by the department. He believed it to be in the interest of the highest economy to put these people at work. He attributed all the evils that had befallen the working classes to the policy of Sherman and the matter of resumption in maintaining the sinking fund. He would deprive Sherman of power over that fund, so that money could be used to build these public buildings. In response to a question by Mr. Atkins, Mr. Ewing said he had never come here on the wave of economy. He never raised that cry in his district, when people were losing millions because they could not get work. The result of all this discussion was that Mr. Candler's amendment was adopted by a vote of 104 to 61.

Other similar amendments have undoubtedly been made, but the house will doubtless pass the bill with them in, one member voting for the other's amendment. The bill must then run the gauntlet of the senate, to bring up at last in the hands of a conference committee. We will not know before the day of final adjournment whether Mr. Candler's clever and timely amendment will stand or not. If it does, some of us will live to see the Atlanta court-house completed.

IN GENERAL.

—Two American girls scandalized a Paris congregation by fanning themselves in church.

—Senator Jones, of Florida, was ten years old when he left his Emerald Isle.

—Hon. Jacob D. Cox was born in Canada, and paroled the troops of Gen. Joe Johnson.

—Shooting galleries should be established in Germany to teach the German socialist how to shoot.

—Take away the ballot-box; presidents can be made without it!—Cardinal Sherman.

—The Norristown Herald insists that no man likes to hold a girl baby in his arms until she is 17 years old.

—An editor offers a reward of $5 for the best treatise on "How to make outdoor life attractive to the mosquito."

—Ben Hill, in his speeches in the senate, uses remarkably good English, and is always very much in earnest in what he says.—Washington Post.

—A Salt Lake husband asked for a divorce because his wife had not informed him before their marriage that her arms were badly scarred.

—Senator Thomas C. McCreery, of Kentucky, has that happy expression which settles on the face of a cat after it has eaten the canary.

—John A. Logan is desirous of attending the congressional seances in a representative capacity. He thinks the first Illinois district will do as well as any.

—There is a French prophecy which says that the end of the world will come when Easter Sunday falls on St. Mark's day. This will be the case in 1886.

—Mr. Noyes is not coming home because he attaches any importance to the charges against him, but only because he finds his English is getting rusty.—N. Y. World.

—The game of bluff costs something even if it is successful. The expense to Britain amounts to $3,740,000 Quite a nice little sum for an excursion trip

—Count Von Moltke adopted a motto in 1870. It is "Erst wagen dann wagen," "First weigh, then risk;" or more familiarly, "Be sure you are right, then go ahead." He has lived up to it.

'Tis sweet when the berries are ripe,
And the lily pads bend 'neath the snipe
To sit at your ease
With your fair Eloise,
And give the mosquito a swipe.

—Senator Armstrong was a school teacher for seventeen years, having opened and conducted at St. Louis the first public school ever established in Missouri under the laws of that state.

—Senator Kirkwood, of Iowa, is a southern man by birth, and received his scholastic education in Washington. None of the congressional delegation from Iowa were born in that state.

—The atheistic Freemasons of France are getting disfellowshipped all around. After the British grand lodge, the American, meeting at New York, has resolved to 'refuse to recognize as a Freemason any person initiated, passed or raised in a body where the existence of a Supreme Being is denied or ignored."

—Official reports from China represent that the Chinese army sent out to reclaim Kashgar, or the old kingdom of Yacoob Beg, was supplied with Krupp guns and other modern weapons. The army, according to the latest reports, has reconquered all the territory in Chinese Turkestan held by the Mohammedans.

—Prof. Simon Newcomb, of Washington, the superintendent of the "Nautical Almanac," has been awarded the Huyghens medal of the society of science at Harlem, Holland. This medal is awarded once in twenty years to the astronomer who has, during that time, contributed the most to science by his discoveries and investigation.

—A camel ranch is owned by D. Mather, of Bastrop, Texas. He claimed that camels are no more trouble to raise than horses or cattle. The colts for three or four days are rather tender and require close attention, but after that they take their chances with the herd. They are extremely docile, and as the female give birth to a colt every year they are profitable, the animals selling when reared at from $200 to $500 each. Mr. Mather says a well broken camel will travel more than one hundred miles a day.

—After the circus parade two small boys met on the street. One of them, his face glowing with excitement, said: "O, Johnny! did you see that fellow with the snakes around his neck?" No word from Johnny. "Yer seen the man in the lion's cage, uncourse?" No word or sign from Johnny, save and except a cloud upon his bow. "Well, yer seen the ponies with the red blankets on, didn't yer?" "Naw, and I didn't," said Johnny at last, bursting into tears. "I had to stay at home and tend to our baby, but I kin lick the stuffin' out of you!"

—Miss Willard, of the Chicago Post, says: "The Prince of Wales is not rated at his real worth in America. He starts handicapped, as it were, in the race for favor, weighted with errors he has long outgrown. He is a frank, outspoken, honest gentleman, and so is rarely reported aright. Simple and unpretending in manner, he is the idol of the London common people. They have hundreds of stories to tell of his kindliness and generosity. He is the most generous, sympathetic and magnetic of the queen's sons. He is a man who through these qualities will impress his personality upon the events of his reign. Added to these he has rare good common sense and judgment, which, thanks to his father, has been well trained. He is a scholar above the ordinary. His misfortune is in being the prince of Wales."

—Pope's villa at Twickenham—the place which he purchased at 1715, and lived until his death in 1744—has just been offered for sale, and bought in for $45,000. It was stated however, that this sum was nominal, and that the property will be probably be purchased privately at a less sum. The property offered included the whole of the grounds, five acres in extent, with the cedars and other valuable growing timber, together with the celebrated grotto which the poet formed, and which is said to remain intact to the present day. The cedars of Lebanon, planted long before the poet's time, and probably the oldest in England, were, with the rest of the timber on the estate, estimated to be worth $20,000.

—Very curious news comes from Turkey. The sultan, Abdul-Hamid, born nearly thirty-six years ago, the second son of Abdul-Medjid, who succeeded to the throne on the deposition of Mourad V, in August, 1876, is said to be seriously ill, and the royal physicians are undoubtedly very anxious. Unless Mourad has forever forfeited his rights by deposition by the Sheik Ul-Islam, under Mussulman law, he is the legitimate heir as the eldest survivor of the house of Othman. But if the sentence of the sheik remains in full virtue and effect, then if the sultan dies his nephew, Yusuff-Izzeddim Effendim, the eldest son of Abdul-Medjid, succeeds him. He will probably be the next sovereign, and is within a few months of being twenty-one years of age.

Commissioner of Agriculture.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: You have published for me one communication upon the above subject, and I hope I am not asking to much for a place in your valuable columns for this. I find that the gentleman suggested by me takes well with the press and with the agriculturalists, and it may be of interest to reproduce here a letter found on the publisher' fly leaf of Pendleton's "Scientific Agriculture," from one of the distinguished savans of this country; no less a man than Dr. Andrew White, president of the celebrated Cornell university, which includes the agricultural college of New York:

THE CORNELL UNIVERSITY,
PRESIDENT'S ROOM,
UTICA, N. Y., NOV. 15, 1875

Dear Sir—I have examined your text book of agricultural science, and it seems to me excellent in view of the purpose it is inten ed to serve. I am persuaded that if the various southern states can be induced to establish a complete system of public education and have your book taught in every school just as soon as the pupils can be ready for it, the whole south will be made so to bloom that within a very few years every trace of injury to her prosperity will be removed; and she will attain to greater wealth and power than ever. Many of your chapters interested me especially, and all parts of the work seem to combine scientific instruction with practical information and propositions dictated by sound common sense. I remain, sir, very respectfully and truly yours, ANDD. WHITE.

Prof E. M. Pendleton.

This shows the opinion of one of the greatest scientists and educators in the country of the man I have suggested for commissioner of agriculture.

GEORGIAN.

The Storm in Marietta.

MARIETTA, June 10, 1878.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: The rainfall here yesterday was very heavy. There was a considerable hail-storm about 2 p.m. Two miles below Marietta many large trees were blown down, a few cabins unroofed and great damage done to the crops. Seven miles west of this place the cotton was so badly beaten down by the hail that the farmers are plowing it up for the purpose of planting corn. I learn, also, that the crops were very much injured by the hail in Cherokee county. Mr. Brown, who lives near Roswell, says that he picked up a hail stone that measured seven inches in circumference. The corn is very much injured, but will probably make something. The hail storm covered a belt about three or four miles wide, running from the southwest corner of the county in a northeasterly direction through the county, and how much further deponent saith not.

Our town is quiet and fast filling up with summer visitors. More, anon.

P.

Old Si—Another Story.

Raleigh Observer.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The writer is loth to spoil the foregoing sensational sketch of a friend's early career. [The one we recently copied from the Wytheville Dispatch.] It reads well. When a young man, by dint of industry and perseverence, rises superior to the unfavorable circumstances that surround him, and elevates himself to an exalted position among his fellows, the story of his early struggles always interests and pleases us. But when the case is different, and one's youth was more or less blest with the smile of fortune, there is not much relish to a cultivated nature in the kind of biography we have above.

"Eight years ago" Samuel W. Small graduated with distinction at Emory and Henry College, Virginia. He is the son of a prominent citizen of Houston, Texas, and, I presume, from the way Sam. pulled the old gentleman's purse-strings, by no means a poor man. The writer at that time was a soph at the same institution, and knew Mr. Small as a young gentleman of accomplished manners, brilliant talents, and great promise. His inexhaustible fund of humor, added to a winning power in conversation, made him a general favorite, and there is no boy in the south who was at college with him who fails to remember Sam. Small, the tall handsome, well-dressed boy of nineteen, in whom both faculty and students recognized the fire of genius. His rare and versatile store of knowledge, as his success in his class, was a matter of surprise to his friends. The "midnight lamp," text-books, and Sam. Small were essentially opposed to anything like a combination. His ready and well-merited success in his chosen profession, and especially as a humorist, does not astonish his friends. He has undoubted ability, and future eminence is merely a question of time. I write this merely to show my friend was never a tramp printer, without clothes, without friends, and without money, as the editor of the Wytheville Dispatch would have the public believe.

Possibly it may have been one of Sam's tricks during a summer vacation to "play off" on the editor in this manner. "Old Si" could have sustained the part admirably throughout.

If such be the case I hope Sam's success in life may be as complete as the above sketch shows this little episode to have been. E. E. G.

—The healthy growth of the baby is dependent upon its freedom from the pernicious effects of opium. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is the best remedy known for the diseases of early childhood. Price 25 cents. 243

A Southern Bargain.

New York Evening Post, rep.

Senator Hill, of Georgia, has given an interesting account of a really important "bargain" which was made by certain members of congress at the time of the counting of the electoral votes last year. It was not the alleged Wormley's hotel contract, which Mr. Hill regards as of no weight or influence, if indeed it ever was entered into. It was not a corrupt bargain made with intent to commit a crime or to condone one. Unlike most bargains, it was all on one side, and therefore involved nothing in the nature of purchase and sale. It was simply an agreement among forty-two southern members of congress, who honorably pledged themselves to each other that they would oppose all efforts to defeat the count or to prevent the decision of the electoral commission from taking full effect. This was a wise and patriotic compact. It was performed, and would have been performed, Mr. Hill says, if the persons present at the supposed Wormley conference had never existed. It follows that Mr. Hill, and the southerners whose views he represents, are opposed to any and every attack upon the president's title. It is a pity that they do not all insist upon saying as much when the Potter resolution was adopted.

A Surprise for Bill Chandler.

New York Times.

Senator Hill, of Georgia, has given the Times correspondent at Washington a new view of the celebrated "Wormley conference." The senator denies that any bargain between southern democrats and republicans was entered into, as has been reported. He scouts the idea that the aforesaid democrats could bind anybody to anything in consideration of a promise that troops should be withdrawn from Louisiana and South Carolina; or, in fact, that any such agreement was made. The real solution of the difficulty which arose when the democrats were confronted with the inevitable conclusion to be reached by the electoral commission was, according to Senator Hill, prepared by his own hands. Forty-two ex-confederates, members of congress, agreed to defeat all attempts to frustrate the count in the house. These men, he says, held the balance of power, and they resolved to oppose, and did oppose, all attempts to renew a civil war. This revelation, to the truth of which the senator pledges himself, will surprise many knowing people, but none the moreso, probably than Mr. William E. Chandler, of New Hampshire.

Phil Cook Ahead.

Montezuma Weekly.

The names of Hon. Phil Cook, Willis A. Hawkins and Allen Fort, of Sumter, Hon. C. C. Kibbee, of Pulaski, and Hon. L. M. Felton, of Macon, will be before the nominating convention. We are for Cook; but if something should turn up that we cannot now see, and by some sort of engineering the convention happens to make a dead lock of it, we have in our mind the name of a capital "dead out horse," whose name will be put before the convention. We believe that Gen. Cook will receive the nomination on the first ballot, however.

Grant to be Pushed in 1880.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat

In 1880 the politicians will have very little influence to control things. The men who managed the Cincinnati convention will have very little to say then. They botched one piece of work so badly that they will not be trusted with another. Grant ought to have been nominated instead of Hayes; after Blaine, he was the choice of the people who sent the delegates to Cincinnati. But the politicians were panic-stricken on the subject of a third term. There will be no more of that nonsense.

Very Cross About Things.

Utica Republican, rep.

It is often asserted that the president is carrying out the Cincinnati platform. He is doing nothing of the kind, and he knows it. So does every well-informed man. He has, as regards his conduct towards his party, violated nearly every principle of honor as well as of republicanism. Those who talk to the contrary talk both falsehood and nonsense, whether they know it or not.

A Good Bargain.

Nashville American.

Oregon is assured for the democrats. One congressman and one senator, in one day, in one small state. The republicans elect the governor, but we could spare a half-dozen governors for a senator, and a couple for a member of congress.

Can Go Back by Cable.

Nashville American.

Noyes has been subpoened by cable to appear before the investigating committee. By the time they are through with him he will be thin enough to transmit back by cable.

Dalzell and Matthews Neck and Neck.

Cleveland Leader, rep

It may not be regarded an even race between Senator Matthews and Private Dalzell for the Ohio championship in letter-writing. The private will have to let out a link or be left behind.

Deal Gently with the Erring One.

Chicago Tribune

We may not think so much of Senator Stanley Matthews as we might, but we can't really see the necessity of blackguarding him and calling him a howling idiot. If he were to get angry and resign, the senate would be just about democratic.

Two Revolutions at Once.

Nashville American.

If investigation is revolution, how about Stanley Matthews's select committee? Are we to have two bloody revolutions at the same time?

There is Trouble in Store

For those who neglect to rectify irregularities of the stomach, liver and bowels, which they foolishly imagine will "come right of themselves." Of this silly error such persons are usually disabused by the development of some serious chronic malady, traceable to what they were pleased to consider a trifling disorder of the above named associate organs. Such a culmination is easily avoided. A course a Hostetter's Stomach Bitters invariably has the effect of renewing the secretive action of a torpid liver, restoring healthy digestion and assimilation, and rendering the habit of body perfectly regular. The activity of these all important functions being restored, and the entire system toned and regulated by this incomparable corrective and invigorant, no danger to the general health is to be apprehended from causes which, if not eradicated in time, will assuredly undermine it

31 june9...d3t tues thur sat &wjune2

QUERY: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bros. "*Seal of North Carolina,*" at the same price?"

19 feb2...deodlyr sat tues thur.

My Ware House and Store and its immense lot of Metallic and Wooden Burial Cases and Caskets is at No. 26 West Alabama streets The finest Hearse in the State. Will attend Funerals at reasonable rates. Funeral Notices given in city papers free of charge.

275 jan15 d1y sun FRANK X. BILLEY.

TURNIPS.

PREPARE your land for Ruta Bagas. The finest Seed on record will be in soon at MARK W. JOHNSON & CO.'S,

239 june13...d3t 27 Marietta street.

Thresher and Engines

NOW CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT

Mark W. Johnson & Co.'s

27 Marietta Street.

239 june13...d3t

New Advertisements.

Grand Trotting MEETING,

OGLETHORPE PARK,

JUNE 18th and 19th.

PREMIUMS $800

Tuesday and Wednesday.

FIRST DAY.

No. 1.—PURSE $100. 3 MINUTE CLASS

First Horse.....$75 00
Second Horse.....15 00
Third Horse.....10 00

No. 2—PURSE $125. 2:35 CLASS.

First Horse.....$85 00
Second Horse.....25 00
Third Horse.....15 00

SECOND DAY.

No. 3—PURSE $125. 2:40 CLASS.

First Horse.....$85 00
Second Horse.....25 00
Third Horse.....15 00

No. 4—PURSE $50.

Gentlemen's Road Horses to Buggies

First Horse.....$35 00
Second Horse.....10 00
Third Horse.....5 00

No. 5. PURSE $200

Free for All Classes.

First Horse.....$125 00
Second Horse.....50 00
Third Horse.....25 00

Entrance Fee 10 per cent. of Purses.

ENTRIES WILL CLOSE SATURDAY, JUNE 15th.

All races best three in five to harness.

HARRY BRADLEY, Secretary.

june13...2p 4t

TROUP FACTORY FOR SALE.

OWING to the advanced age and failing health of the Proprietors and owners of the Troup Factory we have concluded to sell out and retire from the business, and will give possession immediately, or at any time within the next six months. We offer the whole property at ($80,000) eighty thousand dollars; one-half cash; and one, two, three and four years credit on the balance at (7) seven per cent. per annum.

The property has cost us largely over that amount and will pay a fine profit on the investment if well managed. Persons, or a company desiring such property, will of course examine it—the titles, location, and its future chances of success. Our Mr. Leslie is and will be on the place to exhibit and explain what is necessary to know. To capitalists within fifty miles around no description is necessary. Those living further off, will send a formal description of the property in this notice.

We are (10) ten miles southeast of LaGrange, Troup county, Georgia, on Flat Shoal Creek. The Factory building is seventy-six by forty-six, a wooden building, four stories high, strong and well built. We are running sixteen hundred and fifty spindles, and five hundred more spindles not at work at present; have fifty looms on osnaburgs, stripes, checks, denims and kerseys; besides are spinning yarns and dyeing part of them of various colors. Have an excellent Press House, Dye House, Boiler and Dry Rooms, and are turning out from fifty to sixty thousand yards of cloth monthly. All the water wheels are patent iron and in good order. Indeed the whole premises consisting of three or four nice cottage residence for proprietors and agents, and twenty-seven good two room houses for operatives, all near and convenient, with good springs and wells convenient to all, are in good repair and well arranged for comfort. Place healthy, well shaded and handsome, with a church on premises and others near; also post-office and tri-weekly mail.

Very near the Factory, in twenty feet, stands a two story flouring mill with good runners and machinery, rolling clothes, &c. The mill has a good run of custom, and the proceeds of the grain sold without hauling off.

The whole premises contain about eleven hundred acres of land. Much of it good farming land. At least five hundred acres of it should be in cotton and corn for the use of the place. Perhaps half of the lands are in woods, and partly in pine. All our fire wood is use pine entirely and the quantity will be enormous.

The North and South R. R., which will be finished from Columbus to Rome, runs within ¼ mile of the mills, and will add several thousand dollars to the value of the proposition for the purchaser, and includes also the tools, wagons and eight mules.

Besides what is enumerated we usually have on hand one hundred to three hundred bales cotton, (now 210.) And, stock goods in store and yard, some, sixty by forty feet. Stock generally seven to ten thousand dollars, now perhaps eight thousand dollars. Annual sales twenty to twenty-five hundred dollars. The cotton must be paid for in cash. The stock of dry goods in store, half cash, and other half in six and twelve months.

All manufactured goods on hand and in hands of agents we propose to dispose of ourselves, but would make a heavy reduction on them and close the whole out, if so desired. The stock is perhaps twenty thousand dollars.

The business is pleasant, having now a full run of custom which consumes the proceeds as fast as manufactured. We leave will run as follows solely for the reasons already stated.

To persons wishing such an estate who are younger men this is a rare chance. Everything in its order—all going and all ready. No waiting to build everything, say one to three years. A loss of interest on capital and risk of fire or flood the day possession is given you commence business and profits. Written communications will be kept strictly private if so desired.

J. M. C. ROBERTSON,
THOMAS LESLIE.

Troup Factory, Ga., June 5, 1878.

2 1 june13...d3tsatwfw we sat &wlt

Brick for Sale.

I HAVE 500,000 of the best BRICK made in this city for sale. Apply to No. 5 East Alabama street H. S. ALEXANDER.

may30...d6o. 1m thur sat tues

$25 00 Reward

LOST—A Double Case Gold Hunting Watch The above reward will be paid if left at No. East Alabama street.

000 may28...d1t tues thur

To Printers and Publishers

WE HAVE NEWS INK in 25 pound Kegs, which we will sell at five dollars per keg. Send in your orders. CONSTITUTION,

may30...d1f Atlanta, Ga.

$10 Reward.

WE will pay ten dollars reward for the arrest, with proof to convict of any person stealing THE DAILY CONSTITUTION delivered by our Carriers to subscribers in this city.

june8...d1f CONSTITUTION PUB CO.

Books, Stationery, &c.

D. APPLETON & CO.,

549 AND 551 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

THESE leaders prepared by Supt. Harris of St. Louis Supt. Ridcoff of Cleveland, and Prof Mark Bailey of Yale College, offer a sensible simple and systematic plan for teaching reading. They are APPLETON'S READERS charmingly illustrated, carefully graded, combine the word, science, and phonic method interests the child by simple stories, and leads him alone so skillfully that before he realizes it, he is reading easy sentences at sight. The use of script letters, written spelling, conversations on the selections, and language less. FIRST READER soon are among the new features. SECOND READER tures which must commend THIRD READER these books. They are com- FOURTH READER plete in five books

The Constitution.

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—Tennessee corn is ripening in Georgia.

—Cranfight to be at home attending to his crops.

—The Georgia colonels are gradually recovering from their late excesses.

—The man with the early corn tassel will please step to the front.

—A consumptive convict may be alluded to as a bone-felon.

—Colonel Speer has a strong desire to ask Mr. Stephens to shake. This is one of the misfortunes of youth.

—We have lost sight of Satterwhite altogether, and Park Woodward is unhappy.

—Some of our most prominent fellow-citizens are frequently deceived by the first cotton bloom of the season.

—Mud-cats are getting ripe. In fact they are more than ripe when they reach Atlanta.

—Bob McCrystal is engaged to a LaGrange girl. His Philadelphia friends need not sympathize with him.

—There is no adequate remedy for the Augusta canal, but Bill Moore will soon be married. Compensation comes to the country unawares.

—Mumford, of the Talbotton Standard, is fattening every day. This is because he is left-handed. All really healthy men are left-handed.

—Count Johannes B.Gormanne, who has traveled in foreign parts, is afraid he will wake up some morning and find himself Mexicanized. This would be bad.

—The professional duck always presents a bill to the wayfaring June-bug. This is not as new as it is true, but it can be repainted and used by any competent editor.

—It is impossible to tell Bill Arp anything about farming. When a man, wandering around the woods alone, discovers that a cow has no upper teeth in front, he may be said to have graduated. This is Bill Arp's condition. He has discovered all about the cow, and he is just as proud as a poor man with a new baby.

—It is rumored that Rome is to have a fine opera house.

—The new jail in Floyd county is to be commenced very soon.

—It is rumored that Montezuma is to have a splendid hotel at an early day.

—Young mocking birds sell in Talbotton at ten cents apiece.

—The Macon amateur minstrels will give two performances in Savannah.

—Quite a severe hail storm in a part of Emanuel county a few days ago—crops injured.

—The revival in the Frst street church, Macon, continues with unabated interest.

—It is thought that the liabilities of Cabbege, Hazlehursts & Co., of Macon, will reach $300,000

—The storm of Sunday did a great deal of damage to crops and fencing in Walton county.

—Heavy rains almost every day in Upson county with great damage to large corn.

—The storm of Sunday last did considerable damage to crops on a number of farms in Wilkinson county.

—Franz Bingel, has been elected president of the German rifle club of Savannah.

—The storm on Sunday was quite severe in Forsyth and Cherokee counties, tearing up trees and blowing down fences.

—The Brunswick Advertiser says: On Mr. Scarlett's place, in this county, is a three months old child, one-half of whose face is black and the other half white. Its parents are quite black.

—The annual commencement exercises of the Carolina military institute, will take place at Charlotte on the 13th, and Cadet R. M. Larcomb, of Savannah, is the valedictory orator.

—Among the graduates at West Point this month, is Cadet Frank Carrington, of Milledgeville. He will enter the United States army as second lieutenant of infantry.

—During Sunday's storm south of Berzelia, the McDuffie Journal says: Joseph Walker, aged about 20 years, and two sons of the widow Allen, aged 8 and 7 years, were killed by the falling of a house upon them.

—Rome Tribune: We understand that the Woodstock iron company have determined to erect a cotton factory at their work. They actually commenced making the brick on yesterday, and it is thought they will get ready for spinning this fall.

—The Swainsboro Herald says: There are living within an area of six miles in this county whose ages aggregate 724 years. They have lived in this county from early youth, and have all raised families of children. They are all in general good health, with a promise of many years yet.

—Talbotton Standard: There is an old lady in this county who can beat them all on keeping dresses nice and a long time. She has two calico dresses that she has worn six years, one of them she has worn four years, and the other two years, without washing either of them. Our informant states that they are clean and in good condition now.

AN AWFUL DEATH.

A Young Girl's Scalp Torn from Body by Machinery.

NEWARK, N. J., June 5.—A terrible accident involving the death of a young girl, aged fourteen years, named Julia S. Thills, occurred this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, in the straw and felt hat manufactory of Carl F. Seitz, No. 31 Ward street, in which 130 persons, mostly girls, are employed. It appears that Miss Thills, who usually works at straw sewing, had taken the place of another girl for the afternoon at reeling braids of straw, and while so engaged the sun shone through a window upon her and led her to step upon a bench in order to place a piece of pasteboard across the window as a screen. While standing on the bench her hair, which hung long and loose from her head, got caught by a rapidly revolving shaft that extended across the room, about two feet below the ceiling and about the same distance from the window. In an instant her hair was coiled around the shaft, and, conscience of her danger, she uttered heart-rending shrieks, that startled with horror the two or three other inmates of the room. It seemed only a second, however, before her entire body was whirled around the shaft, and during the circuit her entire scalp, from her neck over to her eyes, was violently torn off, which allowed her body to fall to the floor, the scalp and hair meanwhile continuing to revolve around the shaft. She was immediately picked up in an insensible condition, and carried into an adjoining house and physicians summoned, who pronounced her case a hopeless one upon discovering that the unfortunate girl had sustained a fracture of the skull. Her mother, being sent for, arrived a few moments before she expired.

—Happy tidings for nervous sufferers and those who have been dosed, drugged, and quacked, Pulvermacher's Electric Belts effectually cure premature debility, weakness, and decay. Book and Journal, with information worth thousands, mailed free. Address PULVERMACHER GALVANIC COMPANY, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Etc.

JOHN RYAN

Will offer on Monday!

And the following days, the entire stock of

Dry Goods, Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths,

LAMBREQUINS,

Silks, Dress Goods,

And everything in his Immense Warerooms at

Great Sacrifice from Former Prices.

This is done simply to reduce stock and prepare for the fall season. Every one knows that John Ryan has purchased very largely from the late Auction Importers' Sales, and as he thinks he has made a little money on his sales since that time he can now sell the balance at

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE,

and thereby benefit his Customers, at the same time he will clear out his entire stock and hopes to benefit himself.

The stock of Carpets is very large and will favorably compare with anything in America. English Tapestry Carpets, Fine Body Brussels, Three-Ply Ingrains, Hemp, Lemoleuan, American and English Oil Cloths, fresh Canton Matting, Stair Rods, Mats, &c,

Curtain Laces 250 pieces 12c to 75c.

In Dress Goods the finest selection to be found in any house this side of New York.

20 cases English Snow Flake 6½c, 8c, 10c, and 12½c.

15 cases Bourette Cloth Suiting 15 cents and 20 cents.

14 cases English Matelasse 20c and 25c per yard, reduced from 30 and 37½c.

10 cases Black Tamise Cloth, 50c, 65c, 75c, and $1 00, other houses price the same goods 1 00 to $1 50, according as they find their customer.

The gradual sweeping away of those houses whose only Capital was Credit, has enabled men of Capital and Means to place before their customers Bargains really not to be expected.

400 PIECES OF CALICO, FAST COLORS, AT 4 CENTS

Ladies', Misses', Boy's, Youths and Gentlemen's HATS will be sold at retail at wholesale prices, as John Ryan purchases hats entirely by the case. No other house can possibly compare in prices with him.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's BOOTS AND SHOES, my exclusive styles and surpassing prices in this department are attracting the patronage of ladies to such an extent as to crowd this department to its utmost capacity. A full assortment of Miles & Son, celebrated manufacturers, just received; also, Smaltz, Monroe & Co., Philadelphia. No imperfect Shoes for sale.

Large lots of Grenadines with Silk Stripes, commencing at 6½c, up to the finest imported.

John Ryan will also offer during the week, as soon as received, several cases purchased by his New York resident buyer at the great sale of Wright, Bliss and Fabyan, Honey Comb Quilts, Crochet Quilts, Marseilles Quilts, White Pique, Sheetings, Shirtings, Victoria Lawn and several other goods, the invoice not yet received, owing to the largeness of the sale and quantity sold

John Ryan has also received intelligence that his New York Buyer has purchased the entire stock of a New York Suit manufacturer at an enormous sacrifice. Those Suits he is informed are stylish and well made and the quantity being very large, he will offer them at a very small margin of profit. Prices will be from $2 to $12. Those parties desiring samples will please order at once as the prices will sell the goods readily.

John Ryan will say in conclusion that he has the most complete stock of Dry Goods, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Lace Goods, Lambrequins, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Trunks, Notions, and an endless variety of all other goods in his line and thinks that no one, in justice to himself, purchasing goods in this market, can afford to buy goods in other houses before inspecting his stock and knowing his prices, though they may importune you, as they have done before, with tears in their eyes, to call back and tell Ryan's Prices and then they will sell at the same prices.

10 Pieces Black Camel's Hair Cloth, a beautiful texture, ordered by John Ryan from Lyons, in France, by Cable dispatch, just received, 75c, $1 00 and $1 25. This article is sold in New York, owing to its scarcity, at $1 50 to $2 00.

45 june2—d2w

Special Notice.

We control the sale of the "Proceedings of the Constitutional Convention" held in this state in 1877, compiled and published by the Atlanta Constitution publishing company. It contains the debates stenographically reported in full on all the important questions before said convention, and the votes on all questions determined by the convention. It is indispensable to all lawyers and business men. The book is over 500 pages octavo size, and will be mailed postpaid to any address on receipt of one dollar. Only a limited number of copies now for sale of this valuable book, and those who want it will have but a short time to supply themselves. PHILLIPS & CREW,

Booksellers and Stationers.

191 jun9-d1m.

Mothers, Mothers, Mothers.

Don't fail to procure MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for all diseases of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and, by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother.

466 feb26 d&w 1yr

Special Notices.

THE FAMOUS

MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER

Which for nearly half a century has wrought such WONDERFUL CURES of KIDNEY DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA and CANCER may be had of all druggists. Its curative properties are almost miraculous. For Pamphlets containing remarkable cures address MISSISQUOI SPRINGS, FRANKLIN COUNTY, VERMONT.

97 jan6...d3m feb17 apr2 to june19

THE Royal and Mason Fruit Jars, the best known. Wholesale and Retail, by T. R RIPLEY 89 Whitehall street. Ladies are invited to call. Established in 1850.

854 may19...d1m 3d page

FOUNDED ON A ROCK

WITH BRICK ON TOP.

300,000 BRICK FOR SALE.

I RESPECTFULLY inform my friends and patrons for the last twelve years, that I am fully prepared to do Rock Masonry and Brick work of all descriptions that is used in our city. I also make the best of

ARTIFICIAL STONE

for Paving Hearths, of the finest quality, Cemetery Work, Coping and Walls, and Basement Floors that will keep rats, mice, and all kinds of insects out. Will guarantee all my work to stand, if it does not no pay.

60 apr8...d3m W. W. McAFEE.

NOTICE

BY virtue of my appointment, under the Trustees of the Georgia State Lottery, as Manager, THE ORPHANS' FREE SCHOOL will be opened in the Masonic House Building, on the FIRST OF JUNE NEXT, with Mrs. G. M. BACON as principal, and Mrs. H. M. COLQUITT and Miss JULIA BUTLER, as Assistant Teachers.

May 14, 1878. Z. E. SIMMONS,

000 may16...d1m Manager.

Iron Works.

WINSHIP IRON WORKS

SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS, SHAFTING, PULLEYS & HANGERS, COTTON GINS & PRESSES FOR STEAM, HAND, OR HORSE POWER. SORGHUM MILLS ETC. ETC.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR TO WINSHIP & BRO. ATLANTA, GA.

473 june28...d1y

Southern Terra Cotta Works.

PELLIGRINI & CASTLEBERRY.

Southern Terra Cotta

—AND—

ARTIFICIAL STONE WORKS,

Atlanta, Georgia.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Capitals, Brackets, Window Caps, Enrichments for Cornices, Chimney Tops and Flower Pots, Vases, Fountain and Statuary, Petrified Stone Sewer Pipe, &c. Also Ornamental Plasterer, Center Pieces, Cornices, &c., Composition Stone for Window Caps, Key Stones, and other building purposes. Ornamental Pressed Brick, of every description, for building purposes.

Our Establishment is located on CHAPEL STREET, near the United States Barracks.

487 mar30...d1m

Engines, Gins, &c.

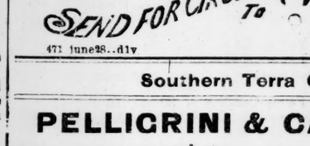
The Eclipse Portable Engine,

THE GEISER

Self-Regulating Grain Separator,

AND OTHER SUPERIOR MACHINERY

For Sale by the following Agents,



Robert Hill, Esq., of Dalton, Georgia Agent, for Whitfield, Murray, Catoosa, Gilmer, Fannin Pickens and Union county

Messrs. Williamson & Co., of Rome, Georgia Agents for Floyd, Polk, Gordon, Chattooga and Walker counties.

Gerald, Griffin & Co., of Cartersville Agents for Bartow county

J. M. Mitchell, of Union Point, Agent for Greene and Taliaferro counties.

J. M. Wilson, Esq., of Marietta Agent for Cobb, Paulding and Milton counties.

E. D. Starky, Esq., of Palmetto Agent for Campbell and Douglas counties.

Messrs. Gaines & Brown, of Carrollton, Agent for Carroll and Harralson counties.

J. A. Seeks, Esq., of Griffin, Georgia, Agent for Spalding, Butts, Fayette and Clayton counties.

R. D. Cole & Co., of Newnan, Agents for Coweta and Heard counties.

Messrs. Smith & Summers, Barnesville, Agents for Pike county

R. Nickerson, Esq., of Athens, Agent for Clarke, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Elbert, Madison and Wilkes counties.

J. H. Banks, Esq., of Lula, Agent for Hall, Banks and Jackson counties.

William Basha, Esq., of Toccoa, Agent for Towns, Rabun, White, Habersham, Hart and Franklin counties.

E. C. McAfee, Esq., of Cumming, Agent for Forsyth, Cherokee, Dawson and Lumpkin counties

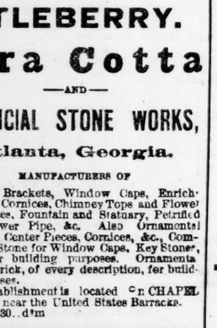
G. H. Carter, Esq., of Social Circle, Agent for Walton and Gwinnett counties,

J. A. Broughton, Esq., Agent for Morgan county

James H. Smith, of Conyers, Agent for Rockdale and DeKalb counties.

Robert Childs, Esq., of Monticello, Agent for Jasper county.

J. H. Bryans, Esq., of McDonough, Agent for Henry.



THOMAS CAMP,

General Agent,

COVINGTON, GA.

000 mar24...d6mo

Stoves, &c.

The Celebrated Stewart Cook Stoves

—AND—

OCCIDENTAL RANGES,

NOW FOR SALE BY

H. FRANKLIN.

CORNER HUNTER AND ROAD STREETS.

Over 20,000 of these celebrated Stoves and Ranges have been sold in this country. I am not selling them at former high prices, but so as to enable any one who wishes to get a first class Stove.

Steam, Gas Fitting, Bath Tubs, Water Closets and Metal Roofing done in first class style.

Hose Reels, Fountains, Kerosene Cook Stoves, Fluting Machines, Water Coolers and Cream Freezers cheap.

All kinds of Grates, Stoves and Ranges at low prices.

Orders from abroad promptly filled. Don't fail to give me a call. 128 mar31...d&m

Rolling Mill.

Come and See

The Atlanta Rolling Mill Co.

MANUFACTURE

RAILROAD IRON, SPIKES, BOLTS AND FISH-BARS

AND ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF

Merchant Iron of Superior Quality

and sell it at as low prices as it can be procured anywhere. See their samples at the State Fair and then visit the Mill AND SEE HOW IT IS DONE—then buy at home and stop sending money out of the State for an inferior iron. Orders solicited, and promptly filled.

46 oct20...d1f WILLIAM GOODNOW, General Manager

House Furnishing Goods, Etc.

COME AND SEE

THE FINEST ASSORIMENT OF

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers,
Refrigerators, Bird Cages,
Fly Traps, Cook Stoves,
Slate and Iron Mantles, and Ranges

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Stamped Tin Ware, Toilet Sets

Ever offered in this city—all at Gold Prices.

MARBLEIZED IRON MANTLES A SPECIALTY

☞ AGENT FOR KNOWLES' STEAM PUMP.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATHS,

363 may19...3m 36 & 3 Peachtree St., Corner Walton

Stoves, Hardware. &C.

NO. J. SEAY. J. PARK BOWIE.

J. J. SEAY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Stoves, Grates, Hollow-ware, English Pots, Wagon Boxes, And-Irons, Store Fronts, Railing for Fence and Balconies, &c., &c., &c.

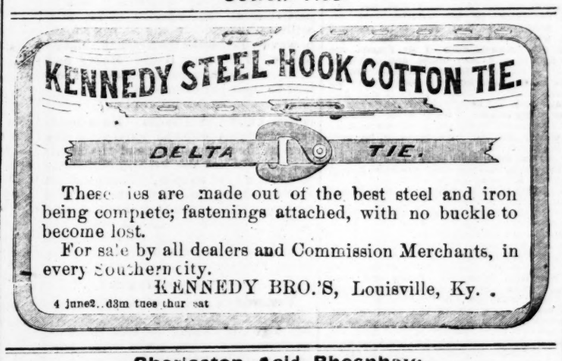
A SPECIALTY MADE of LIGHT CASTINGS on ORDERS

DEALERS will take notice that we are out of the retail business, and our UNDIVIDED ATTENTION will now be given to the manufacture and Wholesale Trade. We will duplicate orders from the best Foundries in the country. Send for Price List.

J. J. SEAY & CO., Rome, Ga.

Office at Foundry, corner Franklin St. and Rome Railroad. 179 aug12 1877...d1y

Cotton Ties.



These ties are made out of the best steel and iron being complete; fastenings attached, with no buckle to become lost.

For sale by all dealers and Commission Merchants, in every Southern city.

KENNEDY BRO.'S, Louisville, Ky.

4 june2..d3m tues thur sat

Charleston Acid Phosphate.

FARMERS,

If you wish to make a A HEAVY CROP OF WHEAT next season, put 200 lbs. of

CHARLESTON ACID PHOSPHATE

on your Wheat Stubble—sow in PEAS as soon as possible and turn under the vines before seeding. FOR SALE BY

GEO. W. SCOTT & CO., General Agents,

44 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Also, by Local Agents in all the principal cities and towns in Georgia, Alabama and Florida. 57 june4—d2w tues thur sat

Yeast Powder.

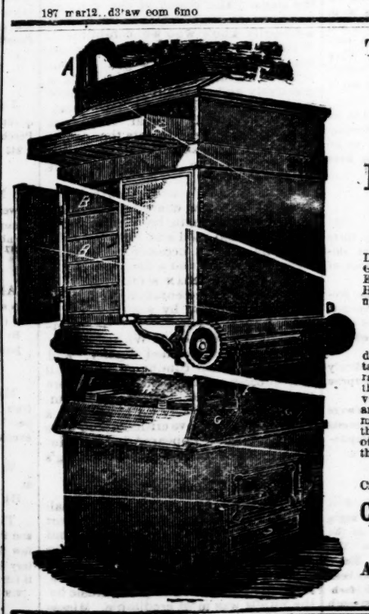
KELLOGG'S YEAST POWDER

A PERFECT BAKING POWDER.

Absolutely Pure.

Uniform and reliable. Full weight and full strength. Made from standard materials and perfectly wholesome. All Grocers authorized to guarantee it.

187 mar12..d3*aw eom 6mo



THE PEERLESS

FRUIT

EVAPORATOR

A—Smokestack. B—Fruit Trays D—Connecting Pulley. E—Gearing. F—Chain Attachment to Elevator G—Projection to Elevator H—Elevator I—Latch for Holding up Trays.

The Evaporator is designed for drying all kinds of Fruits and vegetables on a new principle: that of rapidly evaporating the water from them and curing them in their own vapor. By this process the Colors and Flavors are so preserved as to make the product scarcely inferior to the green fruits and vegetables, and of a market value *two or three times* that of sun dried fruits.

For full particulars send for Circulars to

Cook Stewart & Co,

PROPRIETORS,

Atlanta, : : Georgia.

000 june9...d1m sun thur

ANCHOR LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS,

Sail from New York for

GLASGOW, every SATURDAY;
LONDON, every WEDNESDAY;

Passenger accommodations unsurpassed for elegance and comfort. All Staterooms on main deck, and Saloon amidships

SALOON CABINS, $65 to $80 CURRENCY
SECOND CABIN, including all provisions, $40
Excursion Tickets for First-Class Passage, New York to Paris and return, $135 to $195, according to stateroom and route chosen.

For Books of Information, Plans &c. Apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 BOWLING GREEN, NEW YORK

apr26...d3m

GLAZED SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

Builders' Hardware, &c.

PRICES:

GLAZED SASH PER PAIR,
$0 70 $1 15, $1 25, $1 65, $1
OUTSIDE BLINDS PER PAIR.
$0 95, $1 15, $1 30, $1 40,
FOUR PANEL DOORS—INCH.
$1 00, $1 05, $1 10, $1 45
FOUR PANEL DOORS—1 3-16,
$1 25 $1 40, $1 56, $1 70, $1 85
FOUR PANEL DOORS—1¾
$1 45, $1 60 $1 75, $1 95.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

Remember the place,

30 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

F. W. HART.

511 mar31...d1f may19...

Summer Resorts, &c.

New Holland Springs.

Next Station (Two Miles East) Above Gainesville on Atlanta and Charlotte Railroad.

IS NOW OPEN.

TRAMMELL & SMITH.....PROPRIETORS.

THIS famous watering place is a delightful retreat for the summer, being surrounded with a beautiful grove of forest trees. A large spring within thirty steps of the hotel flowing fifteen *thousand* gallons of water per hour. Its mineral properties being *Magnesia, Iron, Lime* and free carbonic acid gas. There are also the very best Chalybeate and Sulphur springs on the hotel grounds. Table supplied with the best this and Atlanta markets afford. Amusements for all. Billiards, Ten-pins, Croquet, Dancing, etc. Those wishing to hunt or fish will find plenty of game, &c. Always in attendance. Bathing accommodations a specialty, and free to guests. Rates $2 per day; $10 per week; $30 per month. Special rates made to families. 142 june6...d3w

Catoosa Springs, Georgia.

THIS delightful Summer Resort will be opened for the reception of guests on the 1st of June, with an entire change of management. Its fine location, in the healthy and picturesque region of North Georgia, the great variety and medical values of the waters, fine commodious building and easy access combine to render it one of the most desirable watering places in the South. Four trains daily of the Western and Atlantic railroad between Atlanta and Chattanooga pass the depot, two and a half miles distant from the Springs, where comfortable conveyances are always in waiting. The proprietor will endeavor to make it acceptable in every respect to even the most fastidious. Terms, $10, $8 50, $7 00 per week, according to length of stay.

W. A. SPENCE, M. D., Proprietor.

495 my25...d1m

Porter Springs

—AND—

PIEDMONT HOTEL.

WE have leased and consolidated the Piedmont Hotel, at Gainesville, Georgia, on the Air-Line Railway, and the celebrated Porter Springs, 28 miles distant in the mountains, 3,000 feet above sea level. They will be as one house and guests can alternate at pleasure, stage fare only $2 00. Board $30 per month; child at half price. Brass Band and orchestra during the season. Billiard Tables, Ten Pin Alley, Bath Rooms, &c., &c., free. Greatly improved since last season. For Pamphlets call at Phillips & Crew's Bookstore, or address the Proprietors at Gainesville, Georgia.

JOHN G. TRAMMELL & SON,

Proprietors Piedmont Hotel and Porter Springs

109 may24...d1m

THE

Tate Epsom Spring,

BY THOMAS TOMLINSON.

THIS watering place, well known as furnishing the best medicinal water in the United States, is now ready for the reception of visitors, and will be kept in the best style during the entire season. The curative and restorative results from even a short and limited use of the water have been so signally illustrated in the past, and experienced by such large numbers of persons, residing in every section of the country, that it is deemed unnecessary to present any elaborate exposition or commendation of its singular and wonderful qualities. Personal experience is a more reliable and satisfactory test than any chemical analysis, and thus tried, it has been found without an equal. A correct analysis, however, will be furnished to those who desire it. Thousands have come to this Spring for relief, and but few have gone away without finding it.

No effort to please will be omitted, and every diligence will be used to promote the health, the comfort and pleasure of visitors.

The terms of the house will be made satisfactory.

Morristown, on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad is the nearest railway station, and conveyances running to the Spring connect regularly with all trains.

For full and reliable information as to all matters of detail, address the proprietor, Tate Epsom Spring, East Tennessee, and prompt answers, accompanies by circular, will always be received.

THOS. TOMLINSON,

286 may14 d2m Proprietor.

ROWLAND SPRINGS HYGIENIC INSTITUTE.

Open for Invalid and Hygienic Boarders.

The only Institute South superintended by a regularly qualified Hygienic Physician. It is not a summer resort for the gay and fashionable world—but a place where the sick may, at any and all times of the year, depend upon *quiet, rest* and *home-like* surroundings. Neither is it (as erroneously applied and often understood by Hygienic) a *One Bath* establishment proposing to cure all diseases by inducing excessive action of *one organ*—the Skin, but a place where all *real remedial* appliances are judiciously employed as aids in restoring *all* the vital organs to perform normal functions. All *enervating* and *debilitating processes* as well as *medical drug poisons* are positively excluded in the treatment of the sick.

Patients afflicted with *Acute diseases* or suffering from *Old Standing Chronic Complaints*, of every description, may rely upon SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT and SPEEDY RESTORATION. Hundreds of invalids, after being drugged and dosed almost to death—and given up as incurable by the drug-pathic professions—have been speedily and completely restored to health.

Home Prescriptions. Many persons unable to leave family or business, can, by a little knowledge and treatment, be restored to health at home. Description and advice forwarded on receipt of full description of symptoms and duration of disease. Prescription fee $5 00. For circulars and further information address

Dr. U. O. ROBERTSON,

5 731 nov28—d7m Cartersville, Ga.

Where to Spend the Summer.

IF YOU desire to spend the Summer in a delightful region, amidst picturesque scenery, enjoy the finest summer climate in the world, and secure the comforts of a large, roomy, neatly furnished, airy and well regulated Hotel, address for full particulars, NATIONAL HOTEL,

J. Q. A. LEWIS, Prop. Dalton, Ga

aug4 d1f

Relief for the Afflicted

PRESCRIPTION FREE

FOR the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by Indiscretion or Excess. Any Druggist has the Ingredients. Address DR. JAQUES & CO., 130 W. Sixth Street,

86 feb5...d&wly CINCINNATI, O.

Dr. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE

Restores manhood and the vigor of youth to the most shattered constitution in four weeks. FAILURE IMPOSSIBLE. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, or who have become weakened from excess or any other cause. Cures in every case is as certain as that water quenches thirst. $3 per case. Sole Agent, DR. JOS. JAQUES, 7 University Place, New York. Druggists Supplied.

81 aug6,1877 1y

A PHYSIOLOGICAL

View of Marriage!

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A PRIVATE MEDICAL ADVISER!

Small disorders of a Private Nature arising from Self Abuse, Excesses, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure. 224 large pages, price 50 cts.

A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and those of the Throat and Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, the Opium Habit, &c., price 50 cts.

Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price; or all three, containing 500 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts.

Address DR. BUTTS, No. 13 N. 8th St. St. Louis, Mo.

434 aug26...d&wly

DR. RICE,

37 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhea and Impotency,

as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Seminal Emissions, night emissions by dreams, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHILIS is positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system. Gonorrhea, GLEET, Stricture, Gravels, Hernia, or Rupture, Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

It is self-evident that a physician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing the fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

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Undertakers.

C. BOHNEFELD, Agent,

Undertaker and Cabinet Maker

Cor. of Marietta and Forsyth Streets,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

HAS now and will keep constantly on hand the best assortment of Coffins, Burial Cases, and Caskets, with the latest improvements on the "OLD FLAX" patterns, and decidedly "Superior" in style, workmanship, finish, and the most elegant production of the art.

Hearses and Carriages furnished in any style and quantity, at the lowest rates.

All orders from abroad will have prompt attention.

Furniture made and repaired to order.

208 oct10...d1yr

Iron Works.

METROPOLITAN WORKS

Canal Street from Sixth to Seventh

RICHMOND, VA

ENGINES, portable and stationary, SAW MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS of BRASS and IRON, FORGINGS, &c., MACHINERY for Gold and Coal Mines, Blast Furnaces, &c.

We call special attention to our IMPROVED PORTABLE ENGINES, for agricultural and other purposes. Also, to our new styles SMALL LOCOMOTIVES for hauling lumber, and other articles upon tramways and narrow gauge railways.

The best Planters regard our GINNING ENGINES superior to any in use. Send for Illustrated Catalogue free. Other things being equal encourage Southern institutions.

Repair work solicited and promptly done. Shafting, Pulleys, &c., for Gin Houses.

WM. S. TANNER & CO.

98 jan26...d&wly

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Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice.

DIRECTOR of Rossini Musical Club and Organist at the First Methodist Church and Jewish Synagogue. Lessons given at pupil's home if desired. Address at Phillip's & Crew's, or residence 67 West Harris street.

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PRACTICES in all the Courts—State and Federal. 77 june4...d3m

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,

Offices (5 and 6 Centennial Building) No. 1 Whitehall Street.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PRACTICES in the Supreme Court, the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, and in the Superior and City Courts of Atlanta.

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may26...d1m

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296 feb19. Feb17,1878...d6m

J. B. REDWINE,

Attorney at Law,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

OFFICE, No. 10½ Whitehall treet, James Bank Block, room 6. Prompt attention given to the collection of claims. Special references: Hon. John H. James, Atlanta; General Alfred Austell. 389 june26...d1f

S. G. McLENDON,

Attorney at Law,

THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA.

COLLECTIONS promptly attended to. Office corner Broad and Jackson streets, opposite Mitchell House. 92 feb5,1878. d6m

ALBERT L. MITCHELL,

Attorney at Law,

ATHENS, GA.

AS Solicitor General of the Western Circuit, will attend regularly the Superior Courts in the counties of Banks, Clarke, Franklin, Gwinnett, Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Oconee, Rabun, Walton and White, and will represent parties litigant in any cause in which the State of Georgia is not an interested party.

274 mar17 d1y

LAW CARD.

CAREY W STYLES. JAMES U. VINCENT

STYLES & VINCENT,

Attorneys & Counselors at Law,

CANTON, Cherokee County, GEORGIA,

WILL practice in the Superior Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit, and of Bartow, Gordon and Hall; in all the Courts of Cherokee county; in the United States District and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia. Land cases and criminal law made specialties, and all business by mail or at office, will be promptly attended to

342 apr16 d3m

GENUINE

SINGER

SEWING MACHINES

Reduced $30 in Price.

Lookout for cheap *and* inferior Counterfeits made after an old abandoned model of our Machines. To get a genuine SINGER SEWING MACHINE buy only of our authorized Agents and see that each Machine has our TRADE MARK stamped on the Arm

Send for Illustrated Circular and Price List.

The Singer Manufacturing Co.,

42 MARIETTA STREET,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA

Branch Offices:

Augusta, Ga.,	Gainesville, Ga
Savannah, Ga.,	Rome, Ga.,
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Columbus Ga.,	Jacksonville, Fla.
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Drugs, Paints, Oils, &c.

WE offer to the trade and all classes of buyers the largest stock of every description of desirable goods in our line of business, in the South, on most favorable terms

HUNT RANKIN & LAMAR,

DRUGGISTS.

Oils! Oils! Oils!

100 barrels MACHINE OIL—very cheap.
50 barrels LARD OIL.
1000 gallons LINSEED OIL.

A large stock of all kinds of OILS at better prices than any house in the South.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

DRUGGISTS.

PULVERMACHER'S

Electro-Galvanic Belts.

A SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

HUNT, RANKIN & LAMAR,

297 june12...d6m DRUGGISTS.

MANCHESTER

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The Constitution.
TRAVELLING AGENTS:
P. M. ACTON. W. E. JOHNSON.

THROUGH THE CITY.

NEWS GLIMPSES FROM OUR REPORTERS' NOTE BOOKS.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mr P E Renard, Mobile, Kimball.
—Miss M B Comer, Athens, Kimball.
—Mr A C Pease, Newnan, Markham.
—Mr J T Reese, Newnan, Markham.
—Mr Wm McKay, Macon, Markham.
—Mr W E Flanders, Macon, Kimball.
—Mr Charles M Fort, Rome, Kimball.
—Mr Geo C Bennett, Mobile, Kimball.
—Mr H Dampsey, Augusta, Markham.
—Mr M B McGinty, Athens, Markham.
—Mr E S Nixon, Chattanooga, Kimball.
—Mr A C Bialock, Jonesboro, Markham.
—Mr T O Bialock, Jonesboro, Markham.
—Mr Z B Bialock, Jonesboro, Markham.
—Mr D Stafford, Henry county, Kimball.
—Mr J O Steger, Social Circle, Markham.
—Mr John M Purse, Savannah, Markham.
—Mr J P Doyle, Charleston, S C, Kimball.
—Mrs E A Bandner, Tennessee, Kimball.
—Mr C L Reese, Wilkes county, Kimball.
—Mr E Middleton, Saltville, Va, Markham.
—Mr Charles Tweedy, New York, Kimball.
—Col Abda Johnson, Cartersville, Kimball.
—Mr James Linton, Washington, D C, Markham.
—Mr M J Lawton, Jacksonville, Fla, Markham.
—Mr Geo N Lester and Mr D P Lester, Marietta, Kimball.
—Mr Wm Shoemaker and wife, Montgomery, Ala, Markham.
—Mrs G Conner and Miss Mamie Conner, Chattanooga, Kimball.

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—Jasmines abound in Atlanta.
—The summer quiet has fully set in.
—Cats are cheap and abundant now.
—The fourth of July jubilee will be very attractive.
—The benches for the city hall park we understand are being made.
—Whitewashing and painting are going on in all parts of the city.
—Will Fulton county vote fence or no fence in the coming election?
—The fine new residence of Mr. S. Wellman, on Pryor street, is nearly complete.
—Base ball is all the go at present. Two new clubs have been organized for the season.
—A wheelbarrow race, it is said, will soon come off at Ponce de Leon between several darkies.
—A tubrace would attract a large crowd at Angier's or Ponce de Leon ponds some afternoon.
—The Irving club is arranging a moonlight excursion to West End for Friday evening.
—The dried fruit business will be more extensively carried on this season in Atlanta than ever.
—Ponce de Leon grows in popularity. Crowds went out on the early cars yesterday and late in the afternoon.
—In consequence of the illness of Prof. Schutze there will be no rehearsal of the Beethoven society to-night.
—Visitors from the southern portion of the state pass through our city daily on their way to the springs in this section of the state.
—Countrymen do not believe in the dog cart system of exterminating canines. They think that shooting them is a better plan.
—The Brady house at LaGrange will only charge one dollar per day for visitors to the commencement of the Southern Female college.
—To-night the musical promenade at Dr. H. L. Wilson's, Peachtree street, will attract a large attendance. It will be in all respects enjoyable. See the programme elsewhere.
—A number of race horses have arrived and several others are on their way to this city to enter during the meeting which takes place at Ogletho pe park, June 18th and 19th.
—It gives us pleasure at all times to call at the United States courts for news. The clerks are always at their posts of duty, and it seems to give them pleasure to furnish us with the news of the day in their line
—The Griffin Sun says: The 4th of July will be a big time in Atlanta. The people up that way are trying to get up an old-fashioned celebration, and the big stallion race between Kemble Jackson and storm comes off. We hear it said that a special train will pass through here about 9 o'clock, and reach Atlanta about 11 o'clock a. m., thus giving our people time to get to that city and see what is going on. After the hour for the race (8 o'clock p. m.) comes off. A big crowd will go up if such a train should be run.

POLICE POINTS.

—No state arrests.
—Vagrancy is playing out.
—The cells are well ventilated.
—Ponce de Leon is finely policed.
—Lively recorder's court yesterday.
—All the police captains have a military air.
—Chief Thomas believes in discipline in all things.
—Concealed weapons are bad things to carry around Atlanta.
—The young rascals who put torpedoes on the street car tracks should be made to suffer for scaring the public like they do.

Fixing for the Fourth.

A general interest is felt in the coming celebration of the fourth of July.

From railroad men we learn that there are prospects of

LARGE CROWDS

from along the line of all the roads coming into the city. Very cheap rates will be offered and the people will gladly take an opportunity to come to Atlanta with convenience and economy. Meanwhile those of our citizens who are working hardest for the success of the celebration should be backed and encouraged by all classes of the people, for this celebration will result in

PRACTICAL BENEFIT

to the entire city.

The programme will be given in full very soon, and it will be such as will attract the attention of the state, and bring to us on the fourth, thousands of visitors.

A Conundrum.

A correspondent sends the following conundrum with an earnest appeal for its publication. It is as follows:

"Why is the Central Presbyterian church like the pastor?"

Of course everybody gives it up. The answer is as follows: "Because the weather vane is oppose to dancing round and the pastor is opposed to round dancing."

Troup Factory for Sale.

We don't know of any more desirable property for sale than Troup factory. The advertisement which we publish this week does not over-estimate its value. The proprietors are men who would not exaggerate in their own favor, and what they say about this property may be relied on. Any one who desires to invest, will look a long time before finding as good an opportunity. For particulars see the advertisement.—LaGrange Reporter.

The LaGrange Excursion.

The excursion for LaGrange left yesterday morning at six o'clock. The train was well filled, and contained many of our most prominent citizens. The party returned last night after spending a most pleasant and enjoyable day at LaGrange.

No accident of any character happened to any one while on the trip, and it was the unanimous verdict that every one had a pleasant time, and that LaGrange was a first-class town to visit.

LIVELINESS IN WEST END.

A Bold Attempt at Robbery.

Mr. W. L. Stanton, a Broad street merchant who lives on the premises of the West End spring, tells of a peculiar occurrence which disturbed him and the neighborhood night before last. About 12 o'clock he heard

SEVERAL SHOTS

near his room, and soon afterwards a man knocked and begged admission, stating that he was in great trouble, and that he and a companion had been attacked by robbers, and that while he escaped unhurt his friend was lying almost dead a few feet from the house, and needed assistance at once. Mr. Stanton suspected foul play, and told the distressed man that he had better go to the marshal, Mr Cook, for the help he needed. He left the door, but Mr Stanton soon heard several footsteps about the house. He then went out in the yard and pursued the sharpers,

FIRING SEVERAL SHOTS

at them which, unfortunately, failed of effect This was a sharp and dastardly effort to rob a citizen and it was fortunately foiled.

GONE TO NEW YORK.

"On to Richmond."

On yesterday Captain Harry Jackson left by the Air-Line road for New York, where he goes to arrange for a neat fatigue uniform for his company, the Atlanta Cadets. He will go by way of Richmond and arrange fully for the

GRAND EXCURSION

of the Cadets to that city. The company had a meeting night before last, and resolved to go to Richmond on the 10th of July, and remain in Virginia about two weeks. A full programme will be arranged, and such a schedule of fun laid out as is seldom enjoyed by a military organization. Captain Jackson was escorted to the depot by the Cadets in full uniform. Being called on for a speech he made a few remarks in which he alluded to the benefits of a high-toned military organization to all its members, and appealed to the young men ever to preserve in all things the honor and fair fame of their company. His remarks were pertinent and were heard with interest by the company and a large number of spectators. The Cadets are in a very flourishing condition, and all the the boys seem enthusiastic in the interests of company. Atlanta is honored in the possession of such volunteer companies as we have. They will bear favorable comparison with any in the land. We omitted to state that the Cadets were handsomely commanded yesterday by Lieutenant Frank Hoyle.

THE PROMENADE CONCERT.

A Grand Affair for To-Night at Dr. H. L. Wilson's.

The following will be the programme at the Promenade Concert for the benefit of First Methodist church, at the residence of Dr. H. L. Wilson, No. 204 Peachtree street, to-night, Thursday, 13th inst.

PART 1.

1. Song, Tim the Merry Postillion.
2. Nocturne Opus, The. Dohler.
3. Selections for piano and violin.
4. Anecdotes.
5. Song.

INTERLUDE.

Music by Italian band.

PART 2.

1. Reading.
2. La Balsdine, Chas. Lysberg.
3. Selections for piano and violin.
4. Song, trio, Jesu Dei, Adeler.
5. Duett.

The concert will begin at 8½ o'clock. Admission 10 cents. Refreshments served at the close of the programme.

The public are cordially invited to attend.

The Coming Entertainment.

The entertainment to be given on Tuesday evening next for the benefit of the Young Men's Library association, by the Comedy club, will be one of the finest and most recherche entertainments that has ever been given by any of our amateur performers. The club is composed of a very select party of ladies and gentlemen. None of the former have ever appeared in any of the performances heretofore given. The comedy which they have selected, "Married Life," is a rich rare and racy play. One of our most charming and celebrated prima donnas will take a leading part, while Atlanta's favorite belle, Miss ——, as the young wife, will show her numerous admirers what kind of wife she would make. Miss —— as Mrs Caudle will take the audience by surprise. Miss —— as Mrs Dismal will keep the house in continuous laughter. Mrs Lynx as played by Miss —— is well worth the price of admission. We hope and expect to see the opera house crowded with the elite of the city.

Patchwork Palace.

ATLANTA, June 4, 1878.

Mr. Henry W. Grady, Esq.—Dear Sir: The undersigned having heard with extreme pleasure and delight your matchless lecture entitled "Patchwork Palace," and believing that the moral tendency of the same cannot fail to elevate and ennoble all those who may be so fortunate as to hear it, we earnestly request that you will repeat the lecture at your earliest convenience, and thereby give hundreds of our citizens an opportunity to enjoy this intellectual feast. We ask that you will deliver the lecture for the benefit of the Trinity Methodist church. Very respectfully your friends,

E E Rawson,	G T Dodd,
O H Jones,	W A Hemphill,
T P Westmoreland,	W W McAfee,
W H Brotherton,	W R Hammond,

And others.

Messrs. E. E. Rawson, G. T. Dodd, O. H. Jones and others—Gentlemen: I have declined two or three times the same request that you have made. I really do not see that the general public will care to hear this lecture again, but as it appears that you simply wish to make it a medium through which the members and friends of the church can contribute something to its treasury, I cannot decline your request. I should say that as the lecture was never written, and I have preserved only scanty notes of it, I cannot repeat it. But I will try and skirmish about in the same neighborhood as before, I am ready whenever you are. Respectfully,

H. W. GRADY.

Fulton Superior Court.

HON. GEO. N. LESTER, JUDGE PRESIDING.

The superior court of Fulton county met at the usual hour yesterday morning. In the absence of Judge Hillyer, Hon. George N. Lester of the Blue Ridge circuit presided. The criminal docket was again taken up and a number of cases disposed of. The business transacted by the court during the day was as follows:

Case of State vs Squire Young. Accusation for burglary in the night. The defendant upon being arraigned before the court plead guilty. The case was tried and a verdict of not guilty rendered by the jury.

Case of State vs Jack Bonner. Accusation for burglary in the night. To this charge the defendant plead not guilty. He was tried and a verdict of not guilty rendered by the jury.

Also, case of state vs Charles McKener, accusation for forgery. The defendant waived, being formally examined, and plead not guilty. The jury returned a verdict finding the defendant guilty. Sentence suspended until 8-day.

Also, case of state vs. Simpson Thompson; accusation for burglary in the night charged with entering the store of Messrs. McMillan & Snow and stealing money from the money till. To this charge the defendant plead not guilty. The jury, after hearing the evidence and the arguments, returned a verdict finding the defendant guilty. Sentence was suspended in this case until to-day.

Case of the state vs Tom Harris; accusation for assault with intent to murder Henry Oliver. The jury in this case was out all day, and failing to find a verdict up to the hour of adjournment, was discharged and a mistrial entered in the case.

Case of the state vs Fannie Wood. Accusation for larceny after trust. The defendant, upon being arraigned, plead guilty to simple larceny, and was sentenced by the court to serve the term of three months in the chain gang of Fulton county.

Court adjourned to meet at 8:30 this morning, when the following cases will be tried:

CALENDAR OF CRIMINAL CASES.

State vs Geo Alexander.
State vs Chas Brooks.
State vs Thos Harris.
State vs Richard Baker.
State vs Henry Davis.
State vs Squire Young.

The City Court.

HON. RICHARD H. CLARK, JUDGE PRESIDING.

The city court of Atlanta met at the usual hour yesterday morning. The entire day was taken up with the trial of John Neal vs J A Hayden. Court adjourned to meet at the usual hour this morning.

THE DALTON MURDER.

How it Occurred—Bivings Still in Jail.

Correspondence of The Constitution.

The particulars of the sad affair on the 10th, so far as I am able to learn them, are about as follows:

Dr. R. Warren, the deceased, is a Canadian by birth, was about 35 years old, and was coroner of the county. His standing in society was high, as he was gifted with talent and possessed of a competence. He had been married 10 or 12 months.

The other party, Mr. B. C. Bivings, is a young man about 23 or 24 years old, and is city treasurer. His standing in society is high, and his family the peer of any in North Georgia. He has also been married only a short while.

It appears that upon Friday or Saturday of last week

DR WARREN ENTERED THE STORE

of J. C. Worthy & Co., where Bivings was engaged in business—perhaps he was a partner. From some trivial circumstance a quarrel arose, but no blows passed. On Sunday, as testified by one witness, Bivings said that Warren must take back what he had said or

HE WOULD WHIP HIM.

On Monday, about twelve o'clock, Warren entered the store of Worthy to apologize, as rumor has it. When last seen they were engaged in friendly conversation, apparently. The next time they were seen Warren was

BACKING OUT OF THE STORE DOOR

and Bivings was pursuing him with a stick—a heavy black walnut stick. He pursued Warren to the little bridge going from the pavement to the street, about eighteen or twenty feet from the door, Warren endeavoring to escape and to ward off the blows. Here Warren seized the end of the stick and endeavored to hold it. Bivings wrested it from him,

STRUCK HIM UPON THE HEAD

with it not less than three nor more than five blows. By the time the last blow was stricken, they had reached the middle, Bivings forcing Warren back about fifty feet from the door of J. C. Worthy & Co.'s store, which is in the southwest corner of the National hotel, on Hamilton street. Here the last blow was stricken, and when Warren was reached

HE WAS DYING,

and did die in a few minutes after being carried to D. R F Wright, where everything that science could do was done, but in vain. Bivings was under arrest at the time and was

COMMITTED TO JAIL

by the sheriff about one o'clock. An inquest was held about four o'clock by Notary Public and ex-officio Justice of the Peace B B Brown. The jury, the foreman of which is one of Georgia's best and ablest men, Col L N Trammell, returned a verdict that the deceased came to his death from injuries inflicted upon him with a stick by B. C. Bivings. By consent Judge McCutchen passed upon the case and determined that

THE AMOUNT OF BAIL

should be five thousand dollars, which, at this time, (June 11th) had not been given. Mr. Bivings is therefore yet in jail. The affair is deeply to be regretted, both upon account of the standing of the two parties and the affliction brought upon their families.

Mr. W. C. Glenn appeared for the prosecution, and Messrs. Johnson & McCamy, Shumate & Williamson, T. R. Jones and J. L. Smith for the defendant.

"TORP" AT THE HOT SPRINGS.

A Reply to His Strictures on the Bath Houses.

Some days ago we published a letter signed "Torp," commenting unfavorably on the accommodations at the Springs.

We publish herewith a letter denying the justice of the strictures, and commending the accommodations to be found there.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., June 6th, 1878.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION:—I noticed a communication in your paper of the 29th May, signed by "Torp," in which communication I think he has done an injustice to a firm of very worthy gentlemen, to which myself and other Georgians can testify. I have taken a course of baths at the big iron bath house and on all occasions have been treated with all the kindness and courtesy that I or any gentleman could expect from any one. And I here affirm that I have taken several baths at said bath house owned by D B. Elliot and have never seen a negro bathe in said bath house, and, as a matter of course, was surprised when I read "Torp's" communication I showed the firm of D. B. Elliot & Co. the communication and they told me (and I believe them to be truthful and reliable gentlemen) that the only colored person who ever bathed in their bath house was an old accquaintance of Mr. French, one of the firm of said bath house, and that there have never received one cent from a negro for bathing in their bath house, known as the "Big Iron bath house." "Torp" speaks of said firm as being "rank Yankees," thereby showing the animus of his article. I regret to see that there is still any person in the south who condemns a man simply because he happens to be born north of Mason and Dixon's line. I will here add if we had more such men as D B Elliott & Co in the south, that the south would be greatly benefitted. Knowing the said firm, and knowing the injury likely to result to them from said communication, is the only reason why I take up my pen in their defence. I think "Torp" must have been in a bad humor when he penned his communication, and misrepresents things here fearfully. He makes the assertion that visitors pay for their water here. The only water that is sold here is water shipped here from Saratoga, Mountain Valley and other mineral springs. Of all the places for free water I think this the greatest, and the most of it. Your correspondent also makes the assertion that the newspapers sold here are sold at ten cents. There are two daily papers printed here, and they never charge more than five cents per copy, for the publishers positively prohibit the sale of their papers at more than that price. There is an illustrated paper printed here which I think sells for ten cents, which is the common price all over the country. He, "Torp," gives the boarding houses and hotels a few farewell shots. Well, my opinion is that any man who visits Hot Springs and puts up at a twenty dollar boarding house is hardly a fit subject to write up Hot Springs. Hoping you will in justice give this space in your valuable paper, I remain yours, respectfully, GEORGIA.

SEEING VISIONS.

Modern Prophets and Prophetesses.

The great revival which so stirred up the Wheat Street (colored) Methodist church a few weeks ago was noticed from time to time in these columns during its remarkable developments. Such religious enthusiasm as was there displayed has seldom been equalled. It really amounted to a disturbance of the peace of the neighborhood, most of which locality, however, was interested in the noisy proceedings.

Though the revival is about over and the church has settled into its old quiet, there are some results of the stirring which are remarkable. Some of the most devout of the men and women of the church have a sort of power of going into trances and seeing

WONDERFUL THINGS,

which they tell in language, at times, full of poetic imagery. They say they see things far away from earth and fairer than ever broke on mortal vision. Some of these negroes seem thoroughly imbued with a devout spirit, and they have devoted nearly all their time to religious contemplations and conversations. They speak allegorically, and those who do not understand their style of expression, what they say is almost unintelligible.

It is said that another revival is expected in the church at an early day, and is now earnestly prayed for. The results of the last are by no means gone, though its demonstrations have passed away to a great extent.

A Pleasant Surprise.

In the notice of the Kimball house hop, which appeared yesterday morning, there should have been mention of the pleasant surprise which added no little to the enjoyment of that occasion.

About 11 o'clock Mr. R. J. Campbell, the proprietor of the hotel, informed the floor managers that if they would have an intermission of a few minutes he would have the company served with refreshments

Delicacies of various kinds were accordingly sent up into the ball room, and the surprise proved most acceptable to all present.

Mr Campbell is a gentleman who is always glad to do everything in his power for his guests or for those who happen to be under his hospitable roof. His kindness will not be forgotten.

The Comedy Club.

"Married Life," a rich comedy, will be given at the opera house next Tuesday night by the Comedy club, composed of some of the best amateur dramatic talent in Atlanta. The play will be for the benefit of the Young Men's library. Already a number of tickets have been sold insuring the presence of a large and fashionable audience. There has seldom been such an amateur performance presented here and it should be appreciated.

The Air-Line Railway.

The accommodation train inaugurated by the Air-Line railway expressly for the accommodation of visitors to the watering places and summer resorts of north Georgia, will start on Saturday evening next at 5 p m. Quite a number of our citizens are now sojourning at these pleasant and profitable resorts, and many others are contemplating a pleasant pastime during the summer.

We learn that the management of this road will continue the accommodation train during the summer. Such liberality and attention to the wants of the people should receive, as it deserves, liberal encouragement.

BARGAINS IN JEWELRY
Ladies' and Gents' Watches;
Gold Guard and Opera Chains;
Diamond, Seal and Fancy Rings. A large assortment of Solid Silver Bridal Presents just received at
J. P. STEVENS & CO.'S,
34 Whitehall street
946 june14...d1m head 4th col 4th pg

Election of Officers.

The hall of the Liberal and Scientific association held a large gathering last evening. The occasion for which they had met was the election of officers. The following were elected:

President—Prof. George Little.
Vice President—Rev. W. H. Hunt.
Treasurer—J. H. Ellis.
Secretary—G. W. Kates.
Directors—M. A. Bell, J. S. Newman, A C Ladd, E. M. Hammond, J. H. Lumpkin.

When the election was over the attendance dispersed.

An Error.

In the London letter from Mr. John F. Kiser, of the firm of M. C. & J. F. Kiser, of this city, which appeared in yesterday's issue, the printer rendered the sentence "avoiding the *importations by* New York merchants" as "avoiding the *impositions of* New York merchants," thus making Mr. Kiser say something very different from what he meant. He did not write it that way, and its presence in his letter might not meet with his entire approval, hence the correction is made.

THE BUDDING LIFE.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES OF THE GEORGIA SCHOOLS.

The LaGrange Female College—A Grand Day's Entertainment—The Acworth High School.

LAGRANGE, June 11, 1878

Commencement opens brilliantly. Yesterday

REV. S. P. RICHARDSON,

presiding elder of the Rome district, preached one of the best sermons we ever heard—pure, powerful, earnest and clear. He preached the gospel in its loveliest aspect. We wish the pulpit was full of such preachers.

At night Dr. Young J. Allen, the distinguished missionary to China, made an interesting address in college chapel.

THE JAUNTY SOPHOMORES.

We entered this college to-day with the firm intention of not being betrayed into an unmerited compliment. The sophs have extorted admiration from this austere determination, and while their exercises were not above anticipation, they were something equal, if not superior, to anything we have heard in a commencement experience extending over eight years. We append the programme:

Music.
The World for Sale—Recitation by the class.
They carried it too far—Miss Ella Pattillo.
Passage of the Red Sea—Miss Mollie Whitaker.
Music.
The Drunkard's Wife—Miss Battie Mabry.
The Society for doing Good, but Talking Evil—by the class.
Music.
"The One-Hoss Shay"—Miss Mollie Johnson.
The Sinless Crown—Miss Mary Lou Huntley.
The Horse and Eggs—Miss Myrtie McFarlin.
Llewellyn's Dog—Miss Irene Ward.
Music.
Address by Mr Frank M Ridley, of LaGrange.
Prizes awarded.

It is always an unpleasant task to particularize the superior lights of a brilliant group. Some of the sophs, however, did better than others. Misses Mollie Whitaker, Battie Mabry and Mollie Johnson were especially excellent in their performances.

FRANK RIDLEY

is well-known in Atlanta. He is one of the most distinguished looking young men in the state, and one of the hand somest. He had the wit and versatility to treat an old subject, "Thought," in a new and original way. He was very eloquent, and brilliant rhetoric flowed from his elegant lips in an unbroken stream. With his high character, great popularity and fine mental qualifications, Frank's future looks very bright.

NIGHT ENTERTAINMENT.

Yesterday's exercises were pleasantly closed by a charming entertainment last night, in which several dramatic performances were given with great taste and highly pleased the audience.

JUNIOR DAY—THE IRENIANS—GRAND CONCERT.

LAGRANGE, GA., June 12, 1878.

The junior exercises were ushered in this morning with an appropriate prayer by the Rev. Mr. Simmons, of California. The following juniors read, and these were their subjects:

Music.
Salutatory—Miss Lula Tyner, LaGrange.
The Bells—Recitation.
The Piano—Miss Charlie Wates, LaGrange.
Tract—Miss Lula Jones, Cartersville.
Dialogue—Fashionable Dissipation—Misses McFarlin and Mills.
Music.
Fans—Miss Kitty Jolly, Euharlee.
Don't Leave the Farm, Boys—Miss Ida Price, Cartersville.
Come to Town, Boys—Miss Mattie Traylor, Troup county.
Music.
Power of a Word—Miss Mattie Cook, Long Cane.
A Little Nonsense Now and Then is Relished by the Best Men—Miss Sallie Williams, Meriwether county.
Dialogue—The Adopted Child—Misses Buice and Broome.
What is True Greatness—Miss Lula Tyner, LaGrange.
Music.
Address by Rev. J. D. Hammond, Athens.

We are almost afraid to comment on a junior's composition. The belief has gone throughout the land that juniors do not write these little rolls of paper which they bring out so gracefully on the stage. The talent of the country has been so mercilessly utilized that we hardly know who we compliment. We didn't want all the papers in the state to be raving over a girl for our brilliant work. However, Mr. Mayson positively and emphatically announced to the audience that to-day's compositions were entirely original. This is one of the greatest compliments that can be passed upon the admirable exercises of the day, for the compositions were really excellent.

Mr. Hammond's address was introduced with a few charming, witty remarks, but the main body of his discourse was too solid and thoughtful for a commencement occasion. He is an intellectual man, and a deep thinker.

THE IRENIAN SOCIETY

held its annual celebration at 3 p. m. This is considered by some to be the most interesting feature of the commencement. Miss Sallie Williams "presided with distinguished dignity," and the meeting was conducted with skill and success. The performances were varied and interesting. Miss Ola Simmon's recited "Frederic Crohore" in a manner almost above criticism, and Miss Whitaker again appeared before a delighted audience in Mrs. Browning's "Milking Song."

THE CONCERT AT NIGHT

was the best ever held in this hall before. Mr. Mayson spared no effort or expense to render it successful, and the result must have been gratifying in the extreme to him. The orchestra under Professor Alford, was very fine, sometimes grand. The piano music by the pupils was most creditable. Misses Buice, Simmons and Whitaker won great applause by their songs.

The Atlanta amateurs enthused this audience to the highest degree. Mrs. Clark at the piano, was bewitching. Mrs. Snook sang "Voice of Love," and was so enthusiastically encored that she returned and sang "Coming Thro' the Rye." The effect of this song was electric.

Mr. Robert McCrystal was encored, and sang again, with great applause.

Many of the audience thought the "Recess Chorus" the sweetest thing, they had ever listened to.

The amateurs as an opera troupe would be worth a fortune anywhere. Tuesday has been an interesting day.

THE ACWORTH HIGH SCHOOL.

ATLANTA, June 12, 1878.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: A few brief notes of a recent visit to one of our neighboring towns may not be without interest to some of the readers of your popular journal.

As the special design of my trip was to attend the commencement exercises of the Acworth high school, it would seem most natural first to say something of that school. I was especially pleased with the examination of two or three primary classes, under the conduct of Mrs. Holmes, the excellent wife of the principal, Rev. J. C. Holmes.

I regret very much that I was unable to remain, and witness the examination of the higher classes on Tuesday and Wednesday. I may say, however, that I heard in Acworth universal commendation of Mr. and Mrs. Holmes, who have been in charge of the school for the past five years. It is highly gratifying to note that Acworth feels a just pride in her high school, and manifests appreciation of its importance by making some of her best citizens its trustees, and by bestowing upon it a liberal patronage.

I remember Acworth, before the war, as a small way station, with a sparse population and a few scattered houses. But now it has a population approximating one thousand, a number of substantial stores and a good hotel. She has also several neat and commodious brick churches and an excellent academy building; an extensive steam flour mill and many attractive residences.

It appears to me that it should be especially attractive to those who may desire to spend a few weeks during the heat of the summer, away from our sultry cities. W. A. D.

Advice on the Uses and Abuses of Spectacles Imperfect Sight.

There is no branch of science of which it is more important that a general knowledge should be diffused than that branch which treats of the various imperfections of sight, and remedies for them. To relieve an organ which is the source of the most refined pleasure is certainly a desirable object. To determine whether Spectacles will be advantageous or detrimental, and what kind will best suit their sight; and so instruct those who already used glasses that they may discover whether those they have chosen are adapted to the imperfection of their sight, or are such as will increase their complaint and weaken their eyes. There is one obstacle more dangerous than all—that is the divided glass. The lenses or divided glasses are cut in halves and a portion of each mounted in a large circular frame; in this description of Spectacles, the two segments of lenses are united as firmly as possible in the medium line, the most convex or reading lens is below the least convex above, so that by simply dropping the eyes or raising them, the person can see near or distant objects. These Spectacles are objectionable, because the medium line where they are attached together is exactly in front of the pupil of each eye. In reading the rays are on the retina, and the distant glass is on the other side of the retina, and the rays of the reading glass form before they reach the retina, which causes confusion, fatigue, and headache. ALEX FOX, Optician, 39 Whitehall street, in G. H. Miller's silverware Establishment. may16...dtf

ATLANTA, GA., June 11th, 1878.

This is to certify that I have been deaf for seven years, during which time I found no relief. All physicians I have tried failed Thank God, I can now once more hear the voices of my friends, through the treatment of Dr. Alonzo Paine, the Indian Doctor. I recommend those afflicted to call on the Indian Doctor, he will cure you. JAMES JENNINGS.
220 june12...d2t

Something for the Ladies.

WE BEG TO CALL YOUR ATTENTION TO THE FOLLOWING LIST OF GOODS THAT WE INTEND TO SELL AT ONCE. THE PRICES WE HAVE PUT ON THEM MAKES THEM GREAT BARGAINS IN REALITY:

80 pieces containing about 3,000 yards of elegant Worsted Dress Goods at 15 cents per yard, reduced from 30 and 40 cents.
25 pieces good Black Alpaca 20 cents per yard.
40 pieces Pique
300 pieces Victoria Lawns,
75 Linen Suits.
1,200 yards Richardson Irish Linen, less than cost.
50 dozen Napkins.
100 dozen Towels.
A large lot of Parasols, bought at 50 per cent on the dollar, and will be sold 25 per cent less than wholesale prices.
50 sets Embroidered Collars and Cuffs at half price.
250 yards Bourette 6-4 Linen for suits at half price,
Thousands of yards of Hamburg Edges, from 5 to 20 cents.

W. E. CATER & Co.,
No. 54 Whitehall street.

New Goods! New Goods!

Having received large invoices of new Goods last week, we have many new and choice things to offer the trade.

100 pieces new Muslins and Organdies, handsome styles.

For show and French Valenciennes Laces in endless variety.

White, Colored and Lace Lisle Glovers, 2, 3 and 4 buttons.

75 dozen new Rouchings, all new patterns.

Our stock Silks, Grenadines, Dress Goods, Alpacas, Mourning Goods, Parasols, Fans, Gloves, Hosiery, Corsets, Ribbons, Laces, Ties and Notions, and all goods usually found in a first class house, cannot be surpassed in quality, styles or prices, our motto being good goods, low prices.

Samples sent on application.

W. E CATER & Co.,
54 Whitehall street.
155 june9 3t...sun tues thur

It is a Fact.

That A. O. M. Gay & Co., 65 Peachtree street, are selling handsome Dress Goods beautiful Lace Collars and Cuffs, Lace Scarfs' Ribbons, Embroideries, Parasols, &c, cheaper than they are sold elsewhere. Be sure and give them a call. 245 june13...dlt

Melons.

Messrs. Keller & Co., received this morning the first car load of Melons of the season, and will sell from car on track at crossing of Peachtree street. 243 june13...dlt

FIRST MELONS.

Car Load Georgia Melons

Just received and for sale in any quantity wanted, from car on track at crossing on Peachtree street; also, from our store.

242 june13...dlt KELLER & Co.

J. W. Phillips & Co.,

26 Marietta street, are still selling Stoves at Cost. They also sell Refrigerators cheaper than they were ever offered before. Remember the place and call and see them.
247 june13...dlt

Attention, Riflemen!

All members Atlanta Rifle Association are requested to attend a meeting at Capitol this (Thursday) evening at five thirty o'clock.

By order of President J. F. Burke
june13...dlt C. C. WITT, Secretary.

Fine Fruit.

Mr. A. Lambert has some of the best fruit, at his nursery, that we have seen. His peaches, pears and figs are luscious and cannot be excelled at this season.

Wanted—2,000 Ice Cream customers at JACK & HOLLAND'S.
171 june9 d1w

There is no one but wants money and it is the easiest thing in the world to obtain a few dollars invested in the Louisiana State Lottery drawing, to take place June 11th, 1878. It is fair and square beyond any peradventure.
219 june11...dtf june2...tf

WILBROFT'S FEVER AND AGUE TONIC
A *certain, safe* and *speedy cure* for all diseases of miasmatic origin. It cures in a few days, without danger or inconvenience: Chills and Fever Bilious Fever, Dumb Chills, Pernicious Fever Congestive Chills, Sun Pains, and all diseases of similar character. Enlarged Spleens are reduced as if by magic and Sun Pains are conquered with marvelous rapidity. WHEELOCK, FINLAY & Co., Proprietors, New Orleans.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
627 may1...d&w6m jur el...d&w3w

Yes, We Do

Make gold fillings for $1. One trial, and we will do your work in the future. Sets teeth from $5 to $10. Teeth extracted 50c. WM. CRENSHAW Dentist. Office and residence 34 Whitehall street, 8jan20dtf

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
88
WHITEHALL
STREET.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

GREAT CLEARING OUT
SALE BEFORE
TAKING OUR
ANNUAL INVENTORY.

In order to reduce our immense stock before taking our yearly inventory we have made

Great Reductions

in all departments, and out prices will be found beyond all competition.

A call or an order will be to your own interest.

Respectfully,

Furchgott, Benedict & Co.,

88 Whitehall Street,

Atlanta, Georgia.

N. B.—Special bargains are offered in our Black and Colored Silks, and in Black Grenadines.
297 may17...dtf 4th p

Lager Beer, Lager Beer, t
171 june9 d1w JACK & OLLAND'S.

Linen Suits, Linen Suits, Linen Suits.

Over 300 ladies', misses' and children's linen pique and Marseilles suits are offered at less than manufacturer's prices at
may12 dtf FURCHGOTT BENEDICT & Co's.

Still they pour in at Jack & Holland's for Ice Cream, Soda Water, Lager Beer, Mead, Ginger Ale, Root Beer, etc., etc.
171 june9 d1w

10 cents will buy a nice plate of Ice Cream at JACK & HOLLAND'S.
171 june9 d1w

Heart Shingles as smooth as drawn shingles—best in the city—cheap.
W. S WILSON & BRO.
211 june11...d3t 25 N. Broad street.

Young ladies, bring your sweet-heart to Jack & Holland's Ice Cream Saloon. Nicest place in town. 171 june9...d1w

Fancy Candies at 30, 40, 50 and 75 cents per pound at JACK & HOLLAND'S.
171 june9 d1w

Lemon, Vanilla, Strawberry and Chocolate Ice Cream at
171 june9 d1w JACK & HOLLAND'S.

Catoosa lime—cheapest and best.
T. T. SON,
517 may26—sun&wed1m

Ladies out shopping can find a nice place to rest at Jack & Holland's Ice Cream Saloon, 30 Whitehall st. 171 june9d1w

All plasterers use Catoosa lime for fine work. T. T. WILSON,
517 may 26 sun & wed 1m 54 Alabama st.

Ice Cream. Ice Cream

Our saloon is open until 11½ p m. A nice, quiet place to spend a half hour or so.
171 june9 d1w

Soda Water 5 cents.
171 june9 d1w JACK & HOLLAND.

If you want to be made happy, call at Jack & Holland's and try their Ice Cream, Soda Water, Lager Beer, Mead, etc., etc.
171 june9 w

Cheapest Furniture House in Georgia

One hundred Dressing Case and Parlo Suits, Wardrobes, Sideboards, Marble and Extension Tables. Also, the celebrated Woven Wire Mattress—coolest Spring Bed in use *Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest.* Call at P. H. Snook's Marietta and Broad streets. 609 may31...dtf

—How sad that in our daily life we neglect so many things necessary to our well being. The man of business with an eye only to his credit in the financial world, the individual of elegant leisure whose only aim is to array himself to the best advantage, the young lady who idly listening to spring's divine harmonies, feels not the approach of disease in the feeling of languor which possesses her—all alike surrender too easily to the advance-guard of disease, when, by a judicious investment in Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder, a long array of ills is put to rout. Buy Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder, and rid ourself of disorders arising from a torpid liver. Price 50cts. For sale by Collier & Co., and E. M. Berry.
441 ap ...deowly&weowly

—People of all classes will acknowledge that in this world much depends upon our financial condition, yet not many wisely reflect that our financial condition depends upon our physical. Yet it is even so, for who can labor without health, and who can accumulate money